Jordan Times

ح دان تايمز يومية بَسْيَأْسية تصبر بالأشكيرية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية ،الراي،

Moscow hints at end to pullout

MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet Union hinted Saturday it might halt its withdrawal from Afghanistan if neighbouring Pakistan land to stop aiding Afghan rebels. Although a Foreign Ministry statement did not mention the United States, it also appeared aimed at U.S. aid channelled through Pakistan. The Soviet Union would "draw pertinent conclusions with respect to the timetable of the troop withdrawal and take concrete steps called for by the illicit actions of Islamahad," the ministry said in a statement carried by the official TASS news agency. The statement came one day before U.S. President Ronald Reagan was due to arrive in Moscow for his fourth summit with Soviet leader Mikhail S. Gorbachev. The United States has been supplying the Afghan Mujahedeen with an estimated \$500 million annually in arms and military supplies channelled through Pakistan. tsee related story

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Nasouh Majali. Durra exchange posts

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AMMAN (Petra) — The Council of Ministers Saturday appointed Nasouh Majali as secretarygeneral of the Ministry of Information and named Munic Durra, the incumbent secretarygeneral of information, to replace Majaii as director-general of the Jordan Television and Radio Corporation. In a regular session held under the chairmanship of Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, the Cabinet also discussed allowance regulations for civil servants and set up a ministerial panel to further study proposals on the regula-

APC, East German firms sign accord

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Arab Potash Company (APC) and several potash marketing firms in East Germany Saturday signed an agreement for mutual cooperation in marketing-related issues. A delegation representing East German potash companies is currently visiting the Kingdom and has already visited the APC in the Jordan Valley.

Arafat: Syria behind shelling

ADDIS ABABA (R) - Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat accused Syrian President Hafez Al Assad of ordering shelling of two Palestinian camps in Beirut before Syrian troops moved into the city's southern suburbs. Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), told Arab journalists here that Syrian positions shelled Sabra and Shati-(of the camps) came from Syrian. positions and f pose this question to President Hafez Al Assad: 'Can anyone aim his artillery without the agreement of tia hattles and four years of Assad?". "It was agreed in my lawlessness and anarchy. meeting with Assad (last month). There were no report in Damascus) that we would turn a new page, but now we see attacks on Sabra and Shatila just as fsrael attacks the Palestinian camps," he added.

Gouled in UAE

ABU DHABI (R) - President Hassan Gouled of Djibouti arrived in the United Arab Emirates Saturday for a three-day official visit ahead of next month's Arab summit. UAE President Sheikh Zaved Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan welcomed him and officials said they would discuss Gulf and Arab issues.

Conference calls for peace in Gulf

BAGHDAD (R) - A peace conference meeting in Baghdad appealed Friday to the U.S. and Soviet leaders for immediate action to halt the Iran-Iraq war. A statement at the end of the threeday conference urged President Reagan and Mikhail Gorbachev to "seriously and immediately act to end the war according to U.N. Security Council Resolution

Aid group quits Lebanon

BEIRUT (R) - An aid group said Saturday it evacuated its international staff from South Lebanon after one of its doctors disappeared there. "For security reasons we have evacuated our teams in the south," Norwac, a Norwegian non-governmental organisation, said in a statement. It did not say how many workers were involved. Jan Coois, 32, a Belgian doctor working for Norwac, vanished after leaving the Palestinian refugee camp of Rashidiyeh near the southern port of Tyre a week ago.

Rockets kill 4 in Kabul

ISLAMABAD (AP) - A rocket attack by guerrillas killed three women and one child in the Afghan capital, Radio Kahul reported Saturday. Ten rockets and projectiles hit the western part of Kabul Friday afternoon, said the Dari-language newscast moni-tored in Islamabad. The Mujahedeen have been pounding Kabul nightly since Soviet troops started withdrawing from Afghanistan

Peace Now stages rally through W. Bank

Protesters attack army HQ in Gaza

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Palestinians in the occupied Gaza Strip observed a massive general strike Saturday and clashed with Israeli soldiers after attacking the headquarters of the Israeli army in the occupied strip.

about 2,000 Israeli members of the Peace Now movement staged their first demonstration in the Israeli-occupied territories since the Palestinian uprising began last December.

The Gaza City was paralysed by the general strike. Groups of Palestinians were seen throwing stones at cars and setting tyres ablaze, the AP said. In the Jabaliya refugee camp, a

firebomb was thrown at an army patrol, an Arab reporter said. He said soldiers entered and searched homes, confiscating identity cards of some 25 residents. Several Palestinians were also

ordered to park their vehicles in front of the military administration building in the camp to pre-

In the occupied West Bank, vent stone-throwing attacks, he

Later, protesters attacked army headquarters in the camp with stones and bottles, and troops responded by firing rubber bullets and tear-gas grenades. There were no reports of injuries.

The protests came in an apparent response to the calls made by underground leaders of the uprising in the occupied territories, who have called on Palestinians to challenge the troops Saturday and raise Palestinian flags.

Israel Radio reported that the army uprooted Friday several rows of trees in the West Bank village of Shuweika, claiming these served as a shelter for fitebombers.

Speakers at the peaceful West

Bank rally condemned the Israeli army for forbidding the group to meet local Palestinians and restricting them to an isolated field outside a military camp near the city of Nablus.

Palestinians, surprised by the demonstrators' convoy, waved and gave the V-for-victory signal.

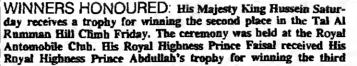
The demonstrators later returned to Israel in what organisers said was an illustration of the possibility of Israeli retreat from the occupied territories.

The army said restrictions on the demonstrators' movements were applied for fear of provoking either Palestinians or Jewish settlers into a clash. The high court rejected a Peace Now appeal against the curbs.

This demonstration is taking place despite efforts by the authorities to prevent it from taking place," a Peace Now leader, Tzali Reshef, told the crowd.

They are trying to prevent us from reaching places that have been victims of settler provoca-







place in the race. The King was also awarded two trophics for his role in rallying since 1956. Amr Bilbeisi, who won the first place in the race Friday, also received his trophy. Waleed Asfour, president of the club, expressed his gratitude for the King's patronage of and participation in the club's activities (Petra photos)

Soviet ratification of INF treaty puts finishing touch to summit stage



resolve the Palestinian problem.

the Kuwaiti-News Agency (KUNA) reported.



Mikhail Gorbachev

Kuwait urges superpowers to

address Palestinian problem

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait's emir, Shekh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah,

urged the superpowers on the eve of their Moscow summit to help to

leader Mikhail Gorbachev saying he hoped their successes on nuclear disarmament and Afghanistan would be followed by others.

"We know that your meeting will include human rights and regional conflicts," it quoted the emir's letter as saying.

this title the current Palestinian aprising comes into your delibera-

Sheikh Jaber said the OIC hoped the Moscow summit "will help

the Israeli entity listen to the voice of this new will and dissuade its

leaders from following a path counter to history's ever-changing

Khomeini wants Iran to

"This is a confirmation of human dignity and peace, and under

Sheikh Jaber, chairman of the 46-member Organisation of

nic Conference (OfC), wrote to President Reagan and Soviet

States, clearing the way for a showpiece ceremony at next

MOSCOW (Agencies) -- The human rights and better East-Soviet Union's top parliamentary West ties. body Saturday ratified the intermediate-range nuclear forces (INF) treaty with the United that democracy not only guaran-

week's Moscow summit. Ratification came at a special session of the Praesidium of the Supreme Soviet which was held within hours of news from Washington that the Senate had approved the treaty after days of agonising dehate.

fn Helsinki, U.S. President Ronald Reagan mel his top advis-ers Saturday to prepare for the Moscow summit and said he was ready to work with the Soviet Union to promote respect for

"When we encourage Soviet reforms, it is with the knowledge

tees human rights, hut also helps prevent war and, in truth, is a form of arms control," Reagan suid in a radio talk. In his weekly taped hroadcast for a U.S. audience, the president said much had heen achieved

since he and Kremlin chief Mikhail Gorbachev first met in Geneva three years ago. He said the Soviet military withdrawal from Afghanistan,

Gorbachev's programme of "glasnost" or openness, the release of some Soviet political

(Continued on page 5)

Syrian soldiers complete thrust into southern Beirut Thursday, the day before Syrian troops moved into Beirut's southern suburbs. "The shelling BEIRUT (Agencies) — More and make sure all military offices stop shooting. Class down Weapons will be Hizbollah w

fully completed the second stage of their thrust into Beirut's southem suburbs Saturday to end mili-, violates this."

second day of the Syrian deployment, which concentrated around strongholds of the franian-backed Hizbollah (Party of God).

"The security plan is going well," said a Syrian army major, who asked to be identified as Ahu Nidal, as he watched the soldiers

move in.
"We have stopped the fighting.

(Agencies) — Israeli troops laun-

ched a major search in their

South Lebanon "security zone"

Saturday after a pro-Israeli mili-

tiaman was killed in a clash with

resistance fighters, sources

quoted by the AP and Reuters

They said the militiamen died

when a South Lehanon Army

(SLA) patrol exchanged

machinegun and rocket fire with

several commandos near Tal Al

Nahas, 600 metres from the

About 60 Israeli soldiers, back-

ed by two helicopter gunships.

were sent in to hunt for the

commandos in Tal Al Nahas and

surrounding villages the sources

An Israeli military source

quoted by the AP said the SLA

militiamen was killed near the

village of Qlaiaa, about five

kilometres north of the Israeli

The clash was in Israel's self-

Israel carved out the 10-to-15

kilometre zone after withdrawing

the hulk of its troops from Lehanon in June 1985 following a

An official Israeli military

spokesman said SLA militiamen

were searching South Lebanon

Saturday but declined to confirm

Israeli forces had entered the

opened from an ambush on an

SLA patrol moving south-west of

the village of Kleia in the security

zone, near the Litani river," the

"One SLA man was killed in

"Fire from a light weapon was

area on a major search.

spokesman said.

designed "security zone," where the Israelis and SLA face fre-

quent resistance attacks.

three-year occupation.

Israeli border.

told Reuters.

border.

MARJAYOUN, Lehanon gunmen."

SLA man killed in ambush;

Israeli forces mount search

than 4,000 Syrian soldiers peace- close down. Weapons will be confiscated from everyone and

chief for Hizbollah faction and a and 1,000 wounded. reputed kidnap mastermind, was The Syrians made no attempt There were no reports that reputed kidnap mastermind, was even a single shot was fired on the among a four-man group that guided the Syrians into their posi-

> The Syrians accompanied by 200 Lebanese policemen moved into the Bir Al Abed, Bourj Al Barajneh and Haret Hreik dis-

The Syrians moved in after Hizbollah and the Syrian-armed Amal militia headed by Justice We will end armed appearances Minister Nabih Berri agreed to

the area were "routine" and

men have advanced out of the

zone several times this year. They

killed 40 resistance fighters

Wednesday in a operation in

South Lehanon north of the

Israeli troops and SLA miliria-

there was no special activity.

Hizbollah won control of 90 per cent of the 40 square we will arrest anyone who kilometres of twisting alleyways in the fighting, in which police Abdul Hadi Hamadi, security said nearly 300 people were killed

> to deploy in the Hay Madi district, where Hizbollah's main barracks is located, but moved into neighbouring districts.

Most of the 18 foreigners currently held hostage in Beirut are believed to be held in the Hizbollah harracks by factions linked to the Iranian-backed movement.

Amai sources quoted by Reuters said some of the foreign captives were moved to an unknown destination May 8 in cars with Iranian diplomatic licence plates. The report could not be confirmed and both Iran and Hizbollah have denied any link with hostage-taking.

Syrian officers said more than 4,000 soldiers moved in on Satur-Asked about the report that 60 day but refused to give exact Israeli soldiers and two helicopnumbers. Security sources told ters had entered the area, the Reuters the major part of the spokesman said movements of Syrian takeover had been commen and belicopters in and out of pleted.

"The nightmare is over and we can pick up our lives again," said a 33-year-old resident, one of thousands who fled the militia

(Continued on page 5) Iraqi victories adds to Iran's troufight on despite defeats NICOSIA (AP) — Ayatollah hy his son Ahmad, increasingly Ruhollah Khomeini declared emerging as a key political figure.

Saturday that the war against Iraq would be decided on the hattlefield and not the negotiating table, despite Iran's admission that it has suffered military defeats in recent weeks.

"The comhatants must continue their fight by defending on their faith in God and their weapons," he said in a statement read to the opening session of Iran's new Majlis, or parliament,

emerging as a key political figure.

"The fate of the war will be decided on the war fronts, not through negotiations," Khomeini said in his statement broadcast by Tehran Radio and monitored in

"Victory will be ours and this is what we believe wholeheartedly." he said, indicating Iran plans to retaliate against its Gulf war

Tehran Radio earlier reported that Presildent Ali Khamenei admitted during a Tehran prayer session Friday that the Iraqis had defeated Iran's army in recent

He give no details. But he was clearly referring to Iraq's recap-ture of the Fao Peninsula in southern Iraq April 18 and an Iranian bridgehead east of the port city of Basra earlier this week (see page 5).

Khamenei's unexpectedly

blunt admission underlined the scale of the setbacks for Iran in the 71/2-year-old war. The Iraqi territory it had seized

at appalling cost in two bloody offensives represented the main gains Iran has made in the con-Khamenei told worshipers at

Tehran University that "war has a two-sided aspect."

He said in a sermon broadcast by the radio: "You will not find, in any of the wars in the world which last a long time, one side always winning and the other always losing. If one side constantly wins and the other constantly loses, the war will not last. It will be over," he said.

Khamenei said that Iraq "has had one or two victories and successes. These successes of the enemy are not beyond our expectation." He did not elaborate.

Khayyat underlines importance of joint Christian-Muslim efforts

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of banks of the Jordan River and its work together for the liberation of occupied Arab territory and holy places.

Christians and Muslims working in joint delegations, continue to tour the world explaining the Arab cause in Palestine and exposing Israel's practices and human rights violations in the occupied territories and Israel's expansionist ambitions in the Arab World, the minister said at a meeting with a visiting delegation representing the World Council of Churches.

In addition, he said, Christians and Muslims have been holding regular conferences in the Kingdom with the aim of promoting bilateral ties of hrotherhood and affection and bolstering the cause of peace.

and responsibilities on both people.

Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul endeavours to safeguard the holy Aziz Al Khayyat said Saturdav places and the Islamic heritage that Christians and Muslims form like the Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerua united Jordanian family and salem and Al Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron.

He said the Jordanian government attaches great importance to all matters related to Christian holy places in the Kingdom. The minister refuted claims of

Jewish rights in Arab lands and spoke about Israel's expansionist designs and its threats to the region' :ecurity and stability.

The ongoing Palestinian uprising, he said, came about as a result of the long years of oppres-sion and fsrael's inhuman prac-

The head of the visiting deleganon replied with a speech underlining the importance of cooperation among nations for establishing peace and justice in the Middle East.

He said that the Christian Khayyat briefed the visiting de- World has deplored Israel's praclegation on his ministry's duties tices against the Palestinian

Socialists appear poised to sweep French elections

PARIS (AP) - President Fran- with 38 per cent to 39 per cent for cois Mitterrand's Socialists the traditional rightist parties appear poised for a landslide the conservative Rally for the sweep back to power in legislative Republic (RPR) and the centrist elections beginning next week, a Union for French Democracy crushing victory that could bury (UDF). That would translate into his hopes to attact centrists. The two rounds of voting June far above the 289 needed for a

5 and 12 are to elect a new, majority. 577-seat National Assembly for five years. Mitterrand dissolved the con-

servative-controlled assembly May 14, six days after he was reelected to a second seven-year

Various polls predict the trists, who traditionally have Socialists will win 42 per cent to 44 per cent of the vote, compared the political spectrum.

been included on the right side of

about 400 seats for the Socialists.

Mitterrand, 71. who cam-

paigned for reelection on the

theme of uniting all of the

French, has said he wants his new

government to go beyond the

Socialist Party to include cen-

Habre ready to meet Qadhafi as part of OAU mediation

ADDfS ABABA (Agencies) — stay convinced that the Aouzou Chadian President Hissene Habre said Saturday he was willing to meet Lihyan leader Muammar Qadhafi in the context of an Organisation of African Unity (OAU) attempt to mediate in the Chad-Libya border dispute. But Habre, attending the

OAU's summit in Addis Ahaba, told a news conference for French journalists here that Chad would never ahandon its claim to the disputed Aouzou border strip.
"Never, absolutely not. I will

region belongs incontestably to Chad," he said. He said his meeting with

Qadhafi could be at an OAU summit or in the context of the OAU's so-called ad hoc committee on the dispute, which is chaired by President Omar Bongo of Gabon.

Bongo or the OAU chairman. Malian President Moussat Traore, could also be present at the meeting, he added.

"security zone." Aga Khan urges superpower help to rebuild Afghanistan

tions coordinator for aid to the violence and peace." five million Afghan refugees came briefly to Kabul Saturday and left with an appeal to the superpower leaders to help re-build the country devastated by a decade of war.

Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan, U.N. special coordinator for humanitarian and economic assistance relating to Afghanistan, visited the country for some eight hours and had brief talks with President Najibullah, Prime Minister-elect Mohammad Hassan Sharq and the deputy foreign minister.

He then flew to Islamabad, where according to Pakistani figures 3.2 million Afghans are living in refugee camps, and will go on to Iran, home to two million more.

Flanked by representatives of other U.N. agencies involved in the refugee effort, he told reporters at the airport before leaving: "The role of the United Nations to encourage rehabilitation of the the shooting. SLA forces are victims of the conflict can be the searching the area for the glue, the cement for peace as the

KABUL (R) - The United Na- country wavers between conflict,

"This is going to be a huge operation. Secretary Gorhachev and

President Reagan meet in Moscow, I extend an appeal to them that they should come together and give the United Nations multilateral means, with no strings attached, to rehuild this country which has been virtually destroyed during the nearly 10

warned that the appeal might be only the first as "this is obviously going to take a long time."

He emphasised that the return

ple were to rush back in a disorganised way and then you had a new emergency inside the country and even a famine," he said. Many Western governments

years of conflict."

He said the U.N. secretarygeneral would launch a worldwide appeal for Afghan refugees during the first half of June, but declined to say how much he would ask for. Prince Sadruddin

the U.N. was trying to ensure that aid was delivered in a nonpolitical spirit and reached the people who need it. "As long as of the refugees must be planned there is a conflict and shooting carefully. and people are caught in the "It would be tragic if the peocrossfire, it is difficult for any hamanitarian aid to have a meaningful impact," he said.

> Moscow, Kabul criticise Islamabad, page 8

Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan

Soviet government.

have indicated reluctance to

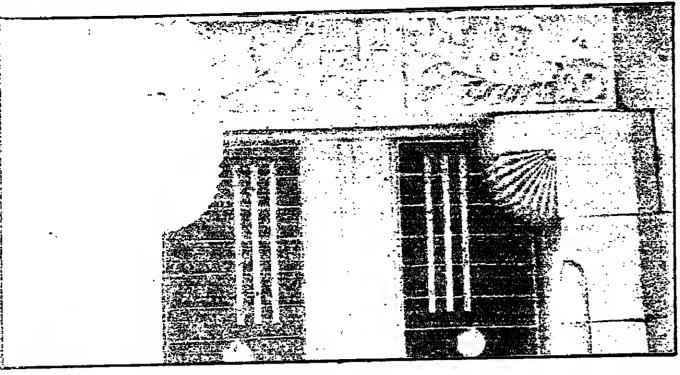
channel their aid through Kabul

for fear of bolstering the pro-

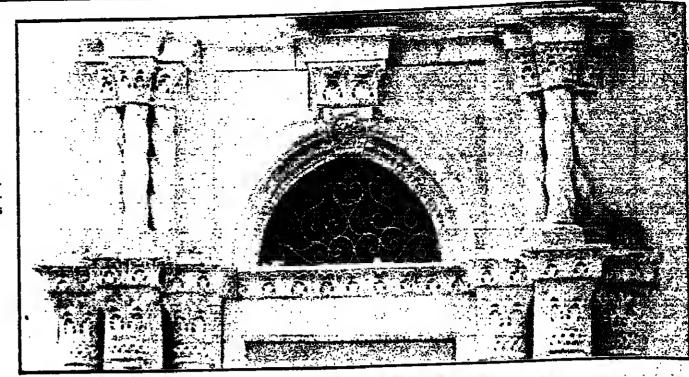
Prince Sadruddin said this had

been discussed in great detail and

The second secon



Left and right engraved ornamentation of old buildings in Salt



Preserving the old city of Salt

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Concern over the rapidly deteriorating condition of the fine old huildings in Salt's city centre has been growing for several years and one hody which is acutely aware of the terrible state of disrepair of the grand old houses is the Salt Development Corporation (SDC). "Salt began to go into a decline about fifty years ago when its inhabitants started to move away to Amman," mayor of Salt and member of the SDC, Dr. Abdul Razaq Al Nessour told the Jordan Times. With the loss of much of its human and financial power. many huildings were ahandoned and those still occupied were not properly maintained. Attempts to modify some of the huildings to meet the needs of their occupants were often at the expense of their architectural character. It was however during the 1960's that the most serious damage was

'The local authorities at the time thought that the best thing to do was to mimic Amman," Dr. Al Nessour said, "a project was proposed and in order for it to be executed many irreplaceable

structures like the old Ottoman governmental huildings and the streets paved with Turkish flagstones were pulled down. It was a

From that point the Municipality of Salt and the SDC began planning to preserve not only what remained of the old huildings but also the whole character of the city especially in the Cen-tral Business District (CBD). No small task and the SDC realised that even if it had the funds to buy up the whole CBD of Salt and restore it, they would be left with lifeless monuments. What was really needed was a plan that would not only preserve the huildings hut one which would also inject new economic and social life into the area. This economic development should not only stimulate existing commercial establishments hut also create new economic activities while at the same time upgrading public services and facilities in the CBD to meet the future economic and social growth.

Knowing that the Building Research Centre (BRC) of the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) was involved in extensive survey work on the old buildings in Salt for its Handbook of Architectural

Heritage, the SDC approached who will look into the rules and regulations available to protect could propose a plan that would revitalise and preserve the CBD. The BRC was happy to help: through such a project they would be able to develop their own expertise which could then be used for similar studies in other towns in the future.

Work on the Salt central husiness district implementation plan as it is called is due to start on June 1; it is hoped that all the contracts between the various concerned parties would have been drawn up by that time. With financing from PETRA it is hoped the entire duration of the project will only he eight months, the work being divided up into four separate stages.

Four teams

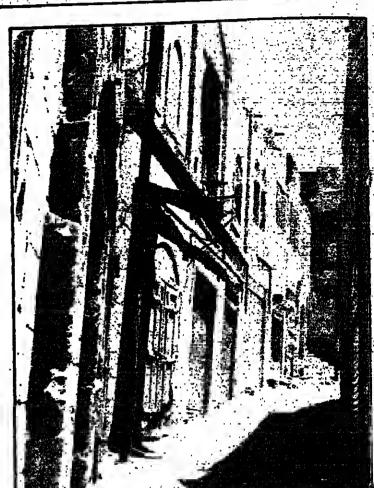
"During the first stage all the sites will be surveyed and data will be collected," project manager and deputy director of the BRC, Dr. Seyfeddin Muaz said. There will be four teams involved: The preservation team: the engineering team, who will check the viability of the existing structures; the socio-economic leam who will assess all the problems involved; and the legal team

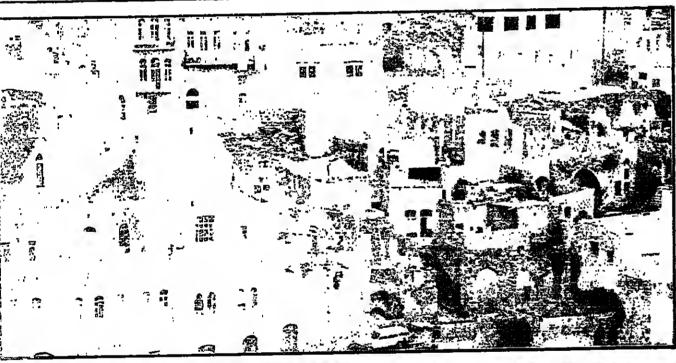
and preserve the huildings."

Once the data has been collected and analysed a workshop will be held to which all interested parties will be invited. Through discussion views and ideas will be voiced and the teams will receive the much needed feedback required for the plan to be ultimately successful. A comprehensive plan for the preservaoon and revitalisation will then be drafted which will fall into two parts — a plan for immediate action and a second plan for more long term projects.

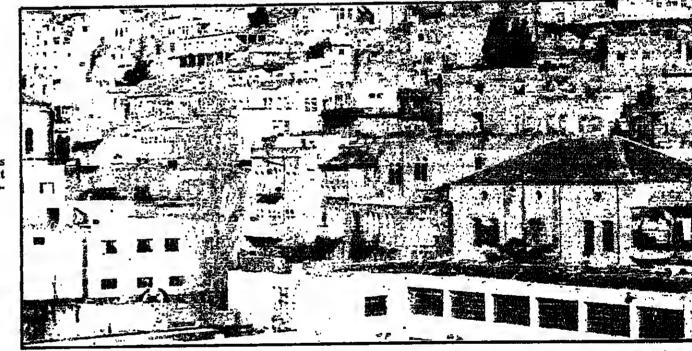
. With the establishment of new recreational and social centres it is hoped the plan will create a potential for lourism which will add a new source of revenue to the whole city and will "revive the sense of pride the people of Salt have in their own city."

"We are very excited about the plan," Dr. Al Nessour con-cluded, "through it we hope to stop the destruction of our beautiful huildings and to be able 10 preserve them. It will be a very costly project but I hope all the efforts will unite to preserve the only city which has a unique





of downtown Salt that will be renovated



TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

Hamman street in Salt

PROGRAMME ONE 15:30 Koran 15:50 Programme review 15:55 Cartoons 16:20 Children's programmes 17:05 Drama Rama Animals Express 27:55 Local programme 18:20 Soccer 19:10 Local agricultural programme 19:50 Programme review 59:80 News in Arabic Arabic series Programme on Arabic Programme review
TV magazine (local)

PROGRAMME TWO Les Science a la une (documentary) News in Hebrew Check it Out 22:00 News in English
22:20 Private Eye

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz FM

25:10 Richman, Poorman

& pattly on 9560 KHz. SW Tel: 774111-19

Light Music	07:00
	07:30
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y Prews Suntainary	12:00
5 Pop Tulk	12:05
News Summary	13:00
5 Pop Session contd	13:05
B News Bulletin	14:00
BInstrumentals	4:L0
a Science Report	14:30
0 Concert Hour	!5:00
n News Summ. A	16:00
s Instrumentals	16:05
n Old Favourites	56:30
	17:00
	18:00
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	ZQ:00
0 News Summary	21:00
5 Evening Show continued	21:05
S News Summary	21:55

22:00 Evening Show communes 23:00 News Summary 23:57 News Headline Close Down Evening Show continued BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 67:30 The Seven Ages of Man 97:45 Reflections 07:50 Financial Review 08:00 World News 08:09 Twenty-Fours Hours: News Summary 08:30 Sportsworld 08:45 Letter from America 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Jazz for the Asking 10:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 From Our Own Correspondent 10:45 Book Choice 10:50 Waveguide 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Pleasures Yours 12:00 World News 12:09 The Sunday Papers 12:15 Science in sures Yours 12:00 World News 12:09
The Sunday Papers 12:15 Science in
Action 12:45 Squaring the Triangle
13:00 News Summary followed by
Short Story 13:15 Classical Record
Review 13:30 Religious Service 14:00
World News 14:09 News About Britain
14:15 From Our Own Correspondent
14:30 Great British Concert Halls
15:00 News Summary followed by Play
of the Week: In Two Minds 16:00
World News 16:09 Twenty-Four
Hours: News Summary 16:30 Sports
Roundup 16:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show including at 17:00 News
Summary 17:30 Jazz Score 18:00 Radio
Newsreel 18:15 Concert Hall 19:00 Newsreel 18:15 Concert Hall 19:00 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15 From Coca to Cocaine 19:45 Letter from America 20:00 World News 20:09 Reflections 20:15 Jazz for the Asking 20:45 Sports Roundup 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 Brain of Britain 1988 22:00 News Summary Iollowed by Classical Record Review 22:15 A Confederacy of Dunces — Part 2 22:45 I Heard You

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 1174, 11925 and 15210 Hz

Say So 23:00 World News 23:09

Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary

97:00 News 97:10 VOA Morning 98:09
News 98:10 VOA Morning 99:09 News
99:10 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10
New Horizons 18:30 Studio One 19:00
News 19:10 Encounter 19:30 Special
News 19:10 Encounter 20:30 News
20:10 Critic's Choice 20:30 Issues in
the News 21:00 News 21:10 Encounter
19:30 Special English News & Features the News 21:89 News 21:10 Encounter 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:90 News 22:10 Sunday Report 22:30 Music. USA Standards 23:00 News 23:10 The Concert Hall 23:55 Editorial 24:00 News 00:10 New Horizons 09:30 Studie One Studio One

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

Tower Building, Jabal Amman, 3rd Circle.

Plastic art exhibition by Ghada Dahdala at Petra Art Gallery.

★ An exhibition about flower arrangement by Na'ela Adnan Massanat at the French Cultural Centre.

☆ A permanent exhibition of plastic art by 27 Arab artists at the Plaza Hotel.

☆ An exhibition of art, folklore and Arabic calligraphy at Irbid Community

→ Folklore exhibition at Huwwarah Community College.

☆ An an exhibition by Lebauese artist Mahmoud Safa ut Alia Art Gallery.

☆ Two exhibitions at the Goethe institute: one is about the development of

typesetting and mass printing and the other is about German Woodcuts.

★ A painting exhibition by Suha Shoman at the Royal Cultural Centre. CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 661026/7 Haya Arts Centre 665195 Hussein Youth City 667181/6 Y.W.C.A.

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun und knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Hnya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash 14th to 18th centuries). The Roman Thentre, Am-

centuries). The Roman Thentre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 n.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 n.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.).

Closed Tuesdays.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Ctub. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace hotel. 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and lourth Wednesday II the Ammon Hotel. 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings and Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday lun. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00

p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Annanciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholici Jubal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church (Romao Catholic), Jubal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lan-Jubal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lan-guage, meet every Salurday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Amunciation [Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-decemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383, chaplain's residence te). 601359. Armenian Catholle Church Ashrafieh,

Tel. 771331.
Armenian Orthodex Church Ashra-Armenan Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 775261.
St. Ephratin Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751.
Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Parastet Sebool in Shrafieri, Tel

Buptist School to Shmeisani, Tel Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N.

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia Internanonal Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) (Terminal 1)

. Aqaba (RJ) 10:36 Kuwait (RJ) 10:40 Jeddah [RJ] Doha, Bahrain (RJ) Dubai. Abu Dhabi (RJ) 17:30 Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna

19:00 Paris (RJ) 19:05 Frankfurt (RJ) 19:05 Frankrur (10.7)
19:15 Brussels, Geneva (RI)
19:30 Madrid, Rome (RI)
Baghdad (RI)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Berlio, Lamaca [1F]

10:35	Catro (MS)
11:25	Kuwaii (KU)
11:40	Dumascus (AZ)
12:36	Baghdad (1A)
13-30	Sharjn, Doha (GF)
13:45	Kuwait (LN)
16-00	Jeddah (SV)
17:35	Athens (OA)
t0-75	Frankfurt (LH)
20-15	Beirut (ME)
22.05	Cairo (MS)
22.00	London, Cairo (BA)
41:46	LONGON, CARO (DA)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

Agaba (RJ)

99:55	Harris Column Line
12:00	Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)
t 2-00	Vienna, New York (RJ)
12:30	Kuwait, Dhahran (KJ)
11.10	Catro (RJ)
70-45	Duhai, Muscal (KJ)
78-59	Bahrain, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
20-55	Baghdad (RJ)
71-86	Larnaca (RJ1
21-00	Jeddah, Sana'a (RJ1
21.15	Cairo (RJ)
22-15	Damascus (RJ)
24-13	Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ)
22.00	Bangkok (RJ)
72,00	Durgeon (KJ)

23:55 Aqaba, Helsinki (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) 06:29 Damascus, Frankfurt (LH) 10:00 Damascus, Paris | AF) 10:40 Larnaca, Berlin (IF)

11:20 t2:25 Kuwait (KU) t2:30 Rome (AZ) t4:00 Baghdad (IA) 14:30 Bahrain, Doha, Sharjah, Muscat 15:69 Tripoli (LN) Athens (OA) 18:20 Cairo (MS)

PRAYER TIMES

12.33	Dhuhr
16:16	, 'Ası
19:42	Maghreb
21:16	Maghreb
M	ONEY EXCHANGE
	Saturday rates
n:	Local sell/buy rates in file an franc (for 10) 96.1/ 99.

Japanese yen (lor 100) ... 273.6/ 284.2 Swedish crown 57.7/ 59.7 240.4/ 249.3 340.7/ 352.4

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

WEATHER

It will be generally dry and hot with a slight rise in temperature during the day. The winds will be south-easterly moderate and freshening at times. In Aqaba, it would be dusty with westerly winds and calm seas.

willes and came seas.	
Min./ma	іх. Іепф.
Аттал	14/31
Aquba	23 / 39
Descrits	14/34
Jordan Valley	18/36

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 27, Aqaba 36, Humidity readings: Amman 24 per cent, Aqaba 21 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

NIGHT DUTY EMERGENCIES AMMAN:

Civil Defence Ouweismeh 770733

Fire headquarters 622090.3

Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777

Police headquarters 639141

Traffic police 896390/1

Electric Power Co. 636381/4, 624881

Municipal water complaints 771125/8

Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amr	644281/6
Akilch Maternity, J. Amn	643441/2
Jabal Amman Malemity	
Malhas, J. Amman	636140
Palestine, Shmeisani	
Shmeisani Hospital	009131
University Hospital	845845/65
Al-Muasher Hospital	667227/9
The Islamic Abdali	666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali	664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	
Army, Marka	
Over A lie Hespital	67101015
Queen Alia Hospital	
Amal Hospital	674155

Dr. Arafu Al-Ashbab Dr. Adil Dubdoub 602507 Dr. Yusuf Hourani 625478 Dr. Akram Samhan ... Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy ... 661917 Al Asema pharmacy Naironkh pharmacy ... Al Salam pharmacy ... Yacoub pharmacy ... Shmeisani pharmacy 644945 637660

Ahram taxi ... Zaid taxi Khayyam taxi

Kurdi taxi

ZAROA:

GENERAL

 Jordan Television
 77311/t9

 Radio Jordan
 774117/19

 Ministry of Tourism
 642311

 Hotel complaints
 66412

 Price complaints
 66112

Overseas calls

MARKET PRICES

Oppeniower price in his per kg,	I
Apple (French) 400 / 360	Ā
Apple (green)	Ñ
Apple (Lebanese) 300 / 250	Č
Banano	
Daniel	
Banana (Mukammar) 270 / 220	
Beans 270 / 220	E
Beans (broad) 120 / 80	Ē
Cabbage 130 / t00	É
Carrot 120 / 100	
Cauliflower	E
Championet	F
Cherry (green) 900 / 800	9
Cucumbers 180 / 140	5
Dates (2 kgs) 500 / 400	4
Eggplant (large) 120 / 80	- 3
Eggplant (small) 148 / 100	3
Garlic (green)	- 5
Outse (Breeze)	

Marrow 170 / 150
Onion [dry) 80 / 60
Oranges (local) 320 / 280
Okra 800 / 600 eaches 600 / 500 Peas 220 / 180
Pepper (hot) 220 / 180
Pepper (sweet) 220 / 200
Potato 350 / 100
Strawberry 800 / 600
Tomatoes 60 / 40

> The second se

Queen opens Basman HQ, gardens

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Saturday opened the Greater Annual Municipality's headquarters of the Basman dis-trict in Hashimi Shamali, and Al Karaweh Garden in Jabal

The headquarters is a large complex comprising of offices, a public library, a multi-purpose hall scating 500 people. a car park and an adjacent public garden, all set up on a five-and-a-half ducum of land...

An open theatre in the garden has been set up for children's plays located next to a children's

The complex offers services to some 180,000 residents in the Basman district in the eastern area of the capital. According to a municipality

official, the new complex is regarded as a model for all munici-pality buildings, tn be set np at the rate of two annually, in all Greater Amman areas.

He said that such complexes are bound to contribute to the development of local community hy stimulating social activities. The Karameh Public Garden was set up by the municipality on

Jabal Amman within the Zahran At the ceremony the Queen anted an olive tree in the garlen set up on a four dunum land. Afterwards, the Queen opened the Martyrs' Garden at the Man-

from the Urban Development Department's housing estate. The Queen planted another olive tree in that garden amid cheers of local residents, in the presence of Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh and

ara district of Nasr, not far away

other officials. The ceremonies were part of the Greater Amman Municipality's celebrations of the Kingdom's anniversary of independ-



Her Majesty Queen Noor Saturday opens the Greater Amman Municipality's Basman district headquarters (below) Queen Noor opens the Mar-

tyrs' Garden at the Manara district in Amman



NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

CONDOLENCES: His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, the personal representative of His Majesty King Hussein, Saturday assigned the director of his office Turki Al Khreisha to convey his condolences to Al Zaben family on the passing away of 'Ouseiwis Fahd Trad Al Zaben.

TABBAA RETURNS: Minister of Industry, Trade and Supply Hamdi Tabbaa returned to Amman Friday evening following a visit to the U.S. in the company of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Tabbaa took part in the Jordanian investment and trade seminar held at Atlanta and Pittsburg to stimulate Jordanian-U.S. business relations.

BOOK EXHIBITION: A book exhibition was opened at the Karak cultural and sports club. Several local publishing houses took part in ot ganising the exhibition which is part of the governorate's celebration of Jordan's Independence Day anniversary. Nearly 1,000 books on different subjects are on display.

NEW HAYA ART CENTRE: A branch of the Haya Art Centre was opened in Irbid Saturday to provide various cultural services to children between the age of 6-12. The centre will also develop children's talents in music, computers and reading and will organise

PUBLIC GARDEN: The Cines and Villages Bank has approved granting a JD 25,000 loan to Al Mashari' municipality to finance the construction of a public garden in the city.

JORDAN ENTERS ECOSOC: The Commission on Narcotic Drugs of the U.N. Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) has decided to accept Jordan as one of its active members besides Egypt and India, Public Security Department (PSD) sources announced. The commission's decision was approved by ECOSOC during its meeting held in Vienna on May 5.

KHAMISINIC WEATHER: Khamisinic weather conditions are expected to affect the Kingdom Sunday and Monday with a rise in temperature accompanied by sand-bearing high winds, according to a statement by the Department of Meteorology. The statement said that the Khamisinic depression, which is now centred over Egypt will finally pass away from Jordan on Tuesday when a drop of temperature will occur.

LANDS, SURVEY DEPARTMENT: Lands and Survey Department Director Badri Mulqi visited Karak Saturday and met with its Governor Hussein Al Shobaki to discuss a number of issues pertaining to land and survey in a number of regions within the Karak governorate. Mulqi said that in the coming few days his department will open a new office in Karak to take part of the work which the Amman Central Department used to earry out concerning division of land and payment of fees.

'Applicants for teaching positions to get jobs'

Service Commission (CSC) director general said in a statement published Saturday that all university and community college graduates who applied for teaching positions at government schools could be offered jobs in the coming scholastic year.

Ibtahim Izzeddin said in

his statement published in the local press that by the end of last month, the CSC had received 25.417 applications for employment in government departments of whom 16,519 were females.

The total number of university graduates was 6,600 half of whom were males, according to

He said among the total num-het of applicants were 1.565 en-ments and schools.

gineets and 379 doctots and specialists, but the arrangements at the moment are being made for absorbing those applying for teaching positions in implementation of resolutions passed by the first Jordanian Educational Confetence held in September last

Izzeddin said that last year the CSC, which processes all applications to fill government jobs, was able to find occupation for 10.126 joh seekers of whom, 6,495 were given jobs at Ministry of Education schools.

According to Izzeddin, job seekers will undergo interviews and written tests to prove their proficiency and their fitness for the jobs in government depart-

Jordan, China sign pact on agricultural cooperation

dum of understanding paving the way for bilateral ecoperation in agricultural fields.

The memorandum, signed in Peking on May 16 by senior officials from both countries, provide for widening cooperation in conducting experiments as well as exchanging information and expertise in agricultural affairs.

Jordan is to benefit from China's experiment in certain advfish, fattening sheep, producing agricultural research and the agri- fields. Lawzi noted.

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and cultural mechanisation, according China have signed a memoran- to the memorandum, signed by Agriculture Ministry Secretary General Salem Lawzi and the Chinese deputy minister of agriculture and fisheries.

> Lawzi, in a statement upon returning to Amman, said that China has expressed readiness to benefit from Jordan's experiments in plasticulture for inten-

anced techniques in hreeding agriculture has been invited to make an official visit to Jordan improved seeds, conducting and inspect experiments in the

sive production of vegetables. The Chinese deputy minister of

> Cabinet discusses

Regional talks on management of water resources opens

Jordan urges Near East states

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan Saturday urged countries in the Near East region to undertake plans and carry out measures to control water resources and rationalise water consumption to cope with the growing economic and social development.

Proper use of water resources and developing methods for monitoring underground and surface water areas ought to be seriously regarded by countries in the region to meet future water needs, Minister of Water and Irrigation Ahmad Dakhqan said Saturday.

The minister was addressing the opening session of a six-day regional meeting on the management of water resources and controlling water quality attended by delegates from 13 countries.

All measures should be taken, the minister said, to stem wastage of water and to introduce meaeconomic and efficient use of water available in countries in the

to control water resources

"Jordan, like other countries in the region, witnessed rapid social development over the past two decades, coupled with rapid demographic and economic growth. which led to a considerable increase in the daily per capital water consumption, and also led to an increase in demand for water for industry and agriculture." the minister said

He said that Jordan has taken a number of measures for improving water resources management, and has created a Water sures for water consumption and and Irrigation Ministry to unify

all efforts taken by different departments concerned with water supply, and water distribution in he Kingdom.

The seminar was organised by the ministries of Health and Water and Irrigation in cooperation with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), the World Health Orgaisation and the World Bank.

At the nutset of the session

Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh outlined measures being taken to ensure that drinking water is fit for consumption. He said that all water resources in the country are subject to

regular laboratory tests to determine their quality and to sensure that water pumped to homes is free of any hacterial and ehemical contamination.

All Jordanian towns and nearly 80 per cent of rural regions reeeive water supplies through pipe

networks, the minister said. He said since the 1950s. Jordan has been following a sound water policy designed to protect water resources and utilise water suface as well as underground water

A World Bank representative made a speech outlining the importance of regional conferences and seminars on an important issue such as water and means of controlling its quality.

The participants will discuss modern means and techniques in managing water resources, proper utilisation of available water supplies and importance of water in social and economic develop-

Delegates taking part in the meetings came from Jordan, Syria, North and South Yemen, Egypt, Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Tunisia, Pakistan and

Fakhrelnissa's works display raw power

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special in the Jurdan Times

AMMAN -- The French art critic. Andre Parinaud once wrote, faced with the art of Fakhrelinissa Zeid, the critic loses his vocabulary and his ordinary behaviour." This statement more than ever remains true for the latest work of Her Royal Highness Princess Fakhrelnissa Zeid now on exhibition at the Royal Cultural Centre is so totally original, so new it defies any easy classification, any normal means of description.

The Princess herself has called these new works "Kaleiodo-scopes" which gives some idea of thier bright colours and of the light which pouts through them, hut it is a name that gives little indication of the startk, raw power of these pieces or of their mystery and presence.

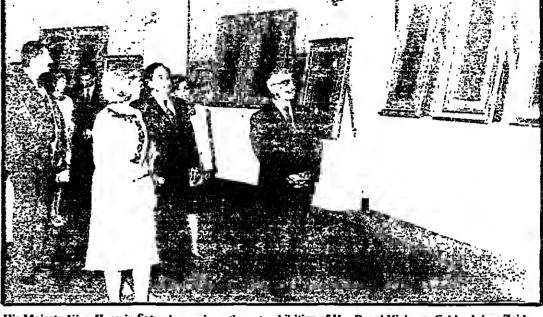
They are in fact made up of pieces of stained glass on which figures — mostly icon-like drawings of mother and child — have heen forcefully drawn in heavy black lines of great definition. Once lit from behind, these figures spring to life, their faces aglow with a warm diffusion of colour.

The Princess, recently decorated as "Commandeur de l'Otdre des Arts et Lettres" hy the French government fot her contribution to the world of art, only learned to cut and piece the glass

Guided by well known artist and long time personal friend, Varuni Hunt, the Princess went on to make over 60 works, very quickly adapting and developing the difficult technique to suit her own unique and strong sense of Initially the unusual media and

the distinctive way the Princess uses it to express herself makes these present works seem very different from the huge and vital abstracts of the fifties and het later portrait work. But greater familiarisation reveals that these paintings on glass are a continuation of her work, with links that connect them to all that has gone before. As a child, one of the first

things Fakhrelnissa Zeid remembers is the light streaming through the grid of the mashrabiah and here is the same light lined with black pouring in some



His Majesty King Hussein Saturday reviews the art exhibition of Her Roya! Highness Fakhrelnissa Zeid at the Rnyal Cultural Centre (Petra photo)

mainstream of her work.

80 years later, just as it filled het abstracts 30 years earlier.

It was with uncanny fotethought that the great Ftench art critic. Charles Estienne, wrote of her lithographs in 1951, "Fakhrelnissa's paintings seem to engage in the enumeration of strange populations committed to perpetual nomadism, which she self absorbed. The women - the presents in a light no less strange, mothers, sisters and female one which turns from purple to violent, the reds and blues ringed drawn much more roughly and with violent blacks as heavy as symbolically. lead in a stained glass window. The light itself is exactly the fabulous — orientally fabulous light of a Gothic stained glass

ART REVIEW

Just as the light and colour are

vitally important to her work so

on glass allows the Fakhrelnissa

Zeid to use them to great effect.

their drama heightened by the

light shining from behind.

scended.

as if they have achieved through communion with God, the kind vish as they spun round and

friends - in these works are

The Princess once said that when she works she is "always aware of a kind of communion are the black lines and painting with all living things... with the universe as the sum total of the infinitely varied manifestations of being.

The simple shapes and features of her figures are echoed by strange symbols, crescent moons, stars and circles - hyeroglyphs that speak of the ancient civilisano throws out rocks and lava." tions from which she is de-

But whereas the light, colour

something very different about one immediately turns to C.G. Jung to help in understanding what the artist is saying. In Junthese paintings on glass that sets them slightly apart from the gian psychology the mothet Normally Fakhtelnissa Zeid's stands for the collective unconpaintings are "explosions of light and teality." These paintings on scious, the source of the water of life and thus in the Princess' work the other hand are introspective, they tepresent the cycle of life, its

There is about them a calmness, a sense of deep inner peace, the process of creation an eestatic of communion sought by the Der-

"I then cease to be myself," she continued, "in order to become part of an impersonal creanive process that throws out these works much as an erupting volca-

Never able to describe before hand wbat she will produce, the and lines are all there in these Princess works instinctively, sub-

latest works, there is ultimately consciously and because of this everlasting continuity.

> It is relevant here to quote Andre Parinaud again. her," he wrote, "we are both in the dimension of true naivety and at the level of the sharpest cultural lucidity. Constantly all the extremes are present: The calture; the exact and the schularry references; and the dazzling relevation of the wonderful image from behind the looking glass -Alice who would have met Picasso!" But in these paintings on glass it is not Picasso that comes to mind but Matisse who found himself "drawing with scissors." Paper would not do for the Princess — she needed her lines but with her glass she has achieved, as Matisse did with his cut outs. simplicity, light, colour, form,

> The exhibition, which was held under the patronage of His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen Noor, runs until

and the unmistakeable throb of

the force of life.

, German minister visits Ma'in Spa Village

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The West German Minister of tesearch and sciences, accompanied by German travel agents and journalists, is currently on a short visit to Jordan to study the possibility of promoting Ma'in Spa Village in their own country.

The group will also visit touristie areas in the country, but the main aim of their visit, is to orient themselves with medical treatment and facilities at the Ma'in

Spa Village. The group, who visited the Ashtar Hotel and health spa Saturday, were giveo a comprehensive report on the health benefits of the available treatment by Ma'in's specialist doctors. It was followed by a dinner under the patronage of Jordanian Minister of Tourism, Zuhair Ailousi.

The invitation was extended to the minister and his delegation hy the management of the health spa and is hosted by the management of both Holiday Inn Hotel and Ma'm Spa Village.

Ureikat: ILO to discuss report on Israel's inhuman practices

(ILO), which opens a meeting in Geneva Wednesday, will discuss a report hy a U.N. mission on living and working cooditions of labourers and Arab employers in the Israeli-occupied territories, Minister of Labour and Social Development Rashid Ureikat said Saturday.

The report tackles Israel's inhuman practices, its violations of human rights and arbitrary actions taken by the Israeli authorities against Arab employers and Arab labour unions, the minister said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Ureikat is to lead Jordan's delegation to the ILO's 75th meeting which is to be attended by representatives of more than 150 countries.

"In 1974 and 1980 the ILO issued condemnations of Israel's racist policies, its violations of human rights and arbitrary actions against union leaders in the occupied Arab territory, Ureikat noted.

He said the ILO director general's report which will also be reviewed by the delegates, tack-

AMMAN (Petra) — The Interna-tional Labour Organisation Arab lands and their adverse effects on the Arab workers.

During the ILO meeting in Geneva, an international information festival will be organised to express solidarity with the Palestinian people and Palestinian workers, Ureikat

He said Jordan's delegation to the Geneva meeting will submit an Arab draft resolution on the protection of rights and freedoms of Arab workers, Arab employers and their institutions in the face of Israel's practices, its terrorist actions and policies of racial discrimination.

The draft resolution, the minister said, condemns Israel's practices, its breaking of hands and legs of Arab youths and the demolition of Arab homes and the other measures that violate international laws and principles.

"The draft resolution deplores Israel's disregard to the ILO's 1974 and 1980 resolutions and its pursuit of colonial and expansionist plans in the occupied Arab territories," the minister added.

According to the minister the

draft resolution calls on the ILO, its director general and various funds affiliated to the world organisation to double their efforts in raising contributions and extending all forms of assistance to the Arab workers in the occupied Arab territories.

This item in the resolution. Ureikat said, aims to enhance the Arab people's social, technical and economic capabilities in the face of oppression.

He said the resolution calls on the ILO director to intervene with the Israeli authorities to put an end to these practices, to release all labour unionists, cease all terrorist practices against the Arabs and end violations of bu-

According to the minister, Arab ministers taking part in the 1LO meeting will hold a series of meetings for coordinating their countries' positions with regard to the various issues on the ILO

Jordan's delegation to the ILO conference groups representatives of the Jordanian government, the Jordanian employers and Jordanian labourers.

regulations to benefit teachers

MAFRAQ (Peira) - The cabinet is currently discussing a set of unified regulations to benefit teacher, and aims to promote teachers' social and moral status in the community. Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi said

The first educational conference held last year issued recommendations which were regarded as a historic challenge for educationists and laid additional responsibilities on the Ministry of Education, the minister said at a meeting with teachers, school supervisors, and Department of Education officials in Mafraq governorate.

He said that the resolutions covered a host of subjects which call for pooling of all efforts on the part of all concerned in the educational process so that students can be provided with training, necessary for the coming

Dudin briefs Canadian defence team

AMMAN (J.T.) — A delegation representing the National Defence College in Canada met Saturday with Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Marwan Dudin to discuss issues pertaining to the Middle East situation. Dudin outlined the develop-

ment of the Arab-Israeli conflict and Israel's terrorist actions for uprooting Palestinian people from their homeland. Dudin also spoke about Jor-

dan's support to the Palestinian people under Israeli rule, to help them resist arbitrary measures. He also spoke about Jordan's firm stand with regard to a peaceful settlement which, he said, can come through an international conference.

The minister said that the current uprising in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip was a natural reaction to Israel's practices against the Arab population. The delegation, which arrived

Friday is due to leave on Wednesday, according to Canadian embassy sources. The 55-member group is led by Major General Frank Norman, commandant of the college in

Kingston, Ontario. Jordan is the only Arah country in the innerary of the delegation's tour, which also includes countries in Europe, according to the sources.

due to meet with senior Jordanian military and civilian officials health programmes offered 10 Refugees).

The delegation members are Palestinian refugees in Jordan by UNRWA (United Nations Relief and will look into educational and Works Agency for Palestine

Workshop debates principles of cooperative management

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Friedrich Naumann Foundation and the Jordan Cooperative Organisation (JCO) Saturday discussed principles of cooperative management and organisation as well as cooperative campaigning in a joint workshop aimed at improving the knowledge and experience of workers in the cooperative field. The two week workshop, in which more than 15 JCO staff

members are participating, has both practical and theoretical sides to it. During the first week, participants will discuss the development of the ecoperative movement in the West; achievements

of the cooperative movement in Jordan; self-help in cooperative work; information and research on cooperatives, as well as leadership and collective work.

During the first week of the

workshop, participants are expected to draw up a booklet on cooperative work that would be used by personnel working in the field of coperatives.

In the second week workshop participants are expected to apply the theoretical information by making field trips and talking to various target groups in the southern part of the country. The field trips include visits to

local leaders in the Ma'an area, to

the Shobak Agricultural School,

as well as a visit to meet women leaders in Wadi Musa. In Wadi Musa, further south, a veterinary doctor will give a lecture on cattle farming. Participants will also listen to an Imam

of a local mosque talking about the idea of cooperation.

The purpose behind the field visits is for personnel in the cooperative field to come into contact

with different social, educational, administrative and cooperative

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

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Hope for a global detente

THE fourth summit between United States President Ronald Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorhacbev, which starts in Moscow today, comes at a time when superpower relations seem to be marked by an increasing amount of realism and sobriety, which is good news for the entire world. The superpowers' accord banning short and medium range nuclear missiles is a historic achievement, which the world has applauded. We hope the spirit which produced the INF accord will continue to guide negotiators who seek to work out similar agreements on long-range nuclear missiles.

More interesting for us, however, is the sense we have of the superpowers' newfnund willingness to cooperate on limiting or resolving regional conflicts. For many decades, the two superpowers have found it useful or appropriate to use regional allies as proxies in localised versions of their global confrontatiun. In the past year, however, there have been indications that Moscow and Washington have learned the futility of trying to score points against one another by using their military and political links with assorted regional powers. Thus, we have seen the two superpowers involved in a series of talks on regional issues, within or outside the summitry framework. which hold out the promise of defusing some of these local wars. This has applied to the Arab-Israeli conflict, the Gulf war, Southern Africa, Central America and, of course, Afghanistan.

The people who suffer and lose in such regional conflicts are the indigenous inhabitants of the regions, as the politicians in Moscow and Washington callously exploit regional tensions to serve their own narrow aims. Unfortunately, the realities of global diplomacy have often forced regional protagonists to turn to one superpower if they see that their local enemy is being supported by the other superpower. It is logical to assume that global detente cannot only encompass nuclear weapons treaties while the superpowers remain locked in confrontations which they direct but which are performed by local actors. Therefore we are pleased to add our voice to those many others around the world which applaud the spirit of realism and constructive disengagement which seems to define the superpower relationship, while boping that this and future summits will contribute to global detente by helping to resolve regional conflicts in a rational and equitable manner.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Lesson from uprising

RENEWED anti-Israeli protests broke out in Jerusalem and the other occupied towns of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip after Friday prayers which resulted in the death of two Palestinian youths. The renewed protests clearly point to the Arab people's determina-tion to pursue the struggle against Israel and its occupation of Palestine. The uprising, which is entering its seventh month shortly. is the only option available for the Palestinians to end occupation and regain freedom. The uprising is in fact the most instrumental means for regaining the usurped land and peace in the land of Palestine whose people have offered many sacrifices in the struggle for freedom. The uprising offers a chance to the whole Arab Nation to take up the struggle once again for the liberation of its lands. But the Arabs first ought to bolster their ranks and set up a pan-Arab rapid deoloyment force as proposed by Jordan. Such a force would back the Palestinian people's uprising and would constitute a real threat to the enemies of the Arab Nation. As the uprising is continued, the leaders of the Arab Nation prepate to open a summit meeting in Algiers where the formation of the projected unified force would be

Al Dustour: Uprising shall endure

THE series of clashes between the Arab population in the occupied Palestinian land and the Israeli forces underline the fact that the uprising is continuing and gaining momennim. The martyrs that fall almost every day and the determination of the Palestinian people to rid themselves of oppression and occupation enhance our confidence that the uprising will go on until liberation is achieved. All Israel's tactics to suppress the Arab population, the siege and the starvation of the refugee camp residents and the demolition of Arab homes have succeeded only in strengthening the determination of the Arab people and corroborating their steadfastness in the face of aggression and oppression. Indeed, the Arab people of Palestine are stepping up their acts of resistance and developing their revolt in the face of the Israeli military might. The resistance is now more organised than before and increasing in intensity, at a time when the Arab people are thwarting the Israeli army's measures and pursuing their defiance of the occupation forces.



Samih Husni - Sawt Al Shaab

Sawt Al Shaab: Superpowers' summit

AMERICAN President Ronald Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev open their summit meeting in the Soviet capital on June 2 to discuss a host of hot issues including the Middle East question. There is no doubt that the Middle East question is being given priority on the agenda in view of the on-going uprising in the occupied Arab territories and the continued Israeli occupation of Arab land. Yet, a few days before the summit, the Arabs beard conflicting statements by U.S. official on the prospects of an outcome tollowing the Moscow meetings and statements about new proposals being made for ending the Arab-Israeli conflict, all favouring the Israeli side. These statements present the views of the U.S. and Israel, both of which believe they have the right to handle the issue in complete independence from the Arab World and the international community.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Non-performing loans should be contained

AMERICANS call them non-performing loans, banks in the Arab oil-producing countries of the Gulf call them difficult loans. We cail them doubtful debts. These are loans which the debtors fail to service for three months or more.

There is no commercial bank or finance corporation which can claim to be free of doubtful debts. Non performing loans are a common phenomenon everywhere in the business world. Lending money in itself is a risk. The question therefore is about the extent, size, and effect of the problem, and the best means of dealing with it.

As far as we know, there is not even a rough estimation of the size and ratio of bad debts carried in the books of individual Jordanian commercial banks or the banking system as a whole. However, some conservative estimates put them at 10 per cent of the total assets. while other more aggressive estimates go up to 20 per cent.

Part of these doubtful debts was actually classified as nonperforming, and accordingly the interest due on such recognised doubtful debts was suspended and not credited to the profit and loss account pending the actual collection of the interest. Nevertheless, a major part of these debts was not recognised as such, and accordingly

interest continued to accrue and to be treated as revenue to the bank. This practice resulted in paper profits that meant the payment of income tax and the feeding of general reserves as well as declaring dividends in favour of shareholders based on unfounded and

The relative importance of doubtful, difficult or non-performing loans becomes evident when we realise that the shareholders equity considered to be the safety margin in the banks, large as it may be, does not exceed seven per cent of the total assets, 12 per cent of the loans and bank credit facilines, or 8.5 per cent of deposits. Thus the problem is no more an internal problem to be left to the management of each bank to deal with as it may see appropriate. The problem concerns the Central Bank which is charged with the responsibility of safeguarding the interest of depositors as well.

The fact that every bank or finance house did have bad loans in its portfolio is not avoidable and must be taken for granted. The worst way of facing up to the problem is to ignore and deny it. Management takes the wrong position that the debt is all right, the debtor is good, and the problem is only a temporary liquidity crisis. This position led

bank managers to include in extending further credit to the same debtors to keep them afloat. As a result bad debts grow out of proportion, good money continue to be thrown after bad, and banks

become hostage to the needs of bad borrowers. It is only normal and acceptable to expect bad debts in a period of economic recession. We had a recession that lasted for five years, and accordingly bad debts must arise. The problem is still manageable

and could be contained if only it was recognised and if a plan to face it

was formulated and implemented, on case by case basis. The banking system together with the Central Bank inspectors and internal and external auditors must identify the doubtful debts. Management must take the necessary provisions to gradually take care of any loss. Shareholders must accept the sacrifice of taking less ot no dividend for a year or two. The income Tax Department should accept the reserves for doubtful debts as a legitimate cost of

producing income. Under such a plan, banks need only sufficient time to grow out of

the problem and retain their strength. Safety comes first, profitability second.

Superpower summit breakthroughs doubtful despite better ties

By Tony Barber

WASHINGTON - Despite the improved climate of superpower relations, both the United States and the Soviet Union seem to accept that this month's Moscow summit will not lead to substan-

tial breakthroughs. Policymakers also seem concerned that U.S.-Soviet ties may enter an unpredictable era after the summit as Americans elect a new president in November and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev's domestic reforms move into a critical stage.

The limits on rapid progress in relations are reflected in the acknowledgement on both sides that, contrary to earlier hopes, the May 29-June 2 summit will not produce an accord to halve their arsenals of intercontinental nuclear weapons.

Pethaps more significantly, a dispute over a treaty to ban medium-range missiles — signed and thought to have been wrapped up at last December's Washington summit — pointed up the tensions still underlying U.S.-Soviet relations.

This dispute, over procedures for verifying the Intermediate Nuclear Forces (INF) pact, oow seems cleared up, and U.S. officials hope the senate will ratify it in time for the Moscow meeting. But it is a measure of how delicate U.S.-Soviet relations are that the success of this summit may be judged by whether the two countries can solve problems with a treaty they signed last

U.S.-Soviet relations at this the Soviet economy, on a course stage." Soviet Foreign Minister of radical change. Eduard Sbevardnadze said a few

days ago. We will for a long time continue to pay the ransom of mutual distrust. This is a fact.

Secretary of State George Shultz likes to remind sceptics that the climate of U.S.-Soviet ties is much better than in the early 1980s, when most arms control talks were suspended and barsb public invective dominated superpower exchanges Shultz points to the INF treaty,

an agreement under which Soviet forces began leaving Afghanistan on May 15. and other lesser accords as solid diplomatic achievements.

He says the Moscow summit will not lack substance.

However. Shultz also said this month that a Strategic Arms Reductios Treaty (START) -- proclaimed by Reagan and Gorbachev at their Washington summit as the goal of their next meeting -- would not be possible by the Moscow summit.

U.S. arms negotiator Paul Nitze pointed to the uncertain future of strategic arms talks when he said this month that, if an accord is not reached by September, there is no prospect of one soon after because of the impending U.S. elections.

Whether the new president is Republican Vice President George Bush or Democratic Governor Michael Dukakis of Massachusetts, the prospective nominees, it seems sure he will want to review thoroughly the details of superpower arms control talks before proceeding.

Between the Moscow summit and the assumption of office by the next president on Jan. 20 1989, U.S.-Soviet ties seem likely to be on hold, if only because the elections and the formation of a new administration will dominate U.S. politics. An additional factor is Gor-

bachev's preoccupation with domestic reform, particularly his efforts to neutralise opponents in the Communist Party and gov-"That seems to be the oature of ernment bureaucracy and to set

American analysts in and out of government say a Soviet party conference in late June may give a clearer indication of Gorbachev's strength.

But some think a stronger Gorbacbev may not necessarily be good for the United States.

"To the degree that he is even modestly successful, the United States will face in the 1990s and beyond a militarily powerful and

politically more adroit Soviet Union." Robert Gates, deputy director of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), said in a

recent speech. Former Secretary of State Alexander Haig sees a deeper problem. "The Soviet preference for arms control has dominated superpower relations, while one by one, the broader political issues essential for the longer term are being negotiated only at times and places of Moscow's choos-

he said this month. Haig is not alone among U.S. experts in urging that the United States not lose sight of superpower differences on issues such as

human rights and conflicts in the Middle East. Central America, Southern Africa, and Southeast

Georgy Arbatov, a Kremlin adviser and expert on U.S. affairs, retorts that the United States needs a dose of "perestroika" the Russian word for Gorbachev's reforms.

"So much has changed that obsolete thinking and obsolete policies threaten to lead the country into a dead-end and have a very damaging effect on the international situation." Arbatov wrote in the Washington Post this month.

Independent analysts cite Po-

popular stirrings elsewhere in problems that could suddenly spring up to bedevil U.S.-Soviet relations because they are so difficult to predict.

Neil Macfarlane, a specialist in

Soviet foreign policy at the Umversity of Virginia, says that even if the United States and the Soviet Union wanted joint approaches to Third World conflicts, there is no guarantee they would succeed.

land's recent labour unrest and those of the superpowers and which may give them a stake in Eastern Europe as porients of sabotaging peace efforts," he wrote in a recent study.

Despite these forebodings and the seemingly poor prospects for specific diplomatic breakthroughs in Moscow, few in the United States suggest it is a mistake for Reagan and Gorbachev to be meeting for the fourth time since November 1985.

That represents a change from the days before their first summit, when some experts expressed "The Iraqs, Syrias, Israelis, concern that public support for South Africas and Nicaraguas superpower dialogue could have agendas of their own which diminish if the two leaders failed do not necessarily coincide with to reach major agreements.

Reagan's coming to Moscow — will the paint be dry?

By Mary Ellen Bortin Reuter

MOSCOW -- President Reagan is guaranteed a smooth ride -literally - when he sweeps into Moscow for the superpower sum-

In preparation for the first visit by a U.S. president in 14 years. Soviet workers are pouring aspbalt, planting trees and painting the town - no, not red - in a burst of feverisb activity.

A total transformation is being effected on Voyevodina street, which leads to the American ambassador's residence where Reagan and bis wife Nancy will live from May 29-June 2.

"If you stand still for more than five minutes, you will get painted too," a British diplomat's wife

Newly-planted saplings grace yet-unsodded plots between buildings sporting fresh coats of pastel paint.

Asphalt was still being laid on Wednesday, and workers hammered away to finish the touchup of one of the typically old-Moscowbuildings on the street in the centre of town.

Near the Kremlin, the venue of Reagan's official talks with Soviet

workers were rebuilding the road leading to the Borovitsky gates on Tuesday.

That whole area was redone when U.S. President Richard Nixon came to Moscow in 1974 to meet Leonid Brezhnev, and the local people still call it Nixon

At the foreign ministry's press centre, preparations to accommodate several thousand journalists converging on Moscow include a 'remoot" of the main conference ball, newly fitted with Spanishmade armchairs and West German electronics. "Remont" — the Russian word

usually strikes dread into the hearts of Soviet citizens, who know that once the work starts it can take years to finish. But for visits by American presidents, the Soviets pull out all

for repair jobs of all kinds -

the stops to get the job done on "Our Soviet neighbours are very happy about this visit because, as you can notice, there are things going on around bere," a U.S. embassy spokesman said

on Wednesday. He was giving journalists a tour tion recurred for Nixon's visit,

·Leader Mikhail Gorbachev, of Spaso House, the home of When Moscow's Vernadsky Prospekt was quadrupled in width and U.S. Ambassador Jack Matlock where Reagan will stay.

Spaso House bas not been

spared the "remont" enthusiasm. American painters are giving the vaulted side entry hall a fresh torn down and new ones put up. white coat as Soviet workers toil almost overnight. in the garden, where a cracked brick walk leading to the main entry needs repair. The face-lift extends to other

expected stops on Reagan's tinerary, Vorovsky Street leading to the Soviet Writers' Union is currently closed to traffic, and the 17th century Danilov Monastery has just reopened after a six-year "temont".

The repairs bave hidden advantages for some - students at a school on Kropotkin Street which Mrs. Reagan might visit were given an mdefinite holiday about two weeks ago.

The Russians are past masters of the art of instant transformation. In the most famous example, an entire village consisting of nothing but false fronts was erected when Catherine the Great sailed down the Dnieper River in 1787.

The "Potemkin Village" tradi-

full-grown trees planted in a few Old buildings lining the road into town from the airport were

"Outdoor repair work is typical here in late spring, but the speed now is absolutely exceptional," one Muscovite said.

The relaxed pace of Soviet workers is no secret. President Reagan himself is said to be fond

of the joke about the Soviet salesman who told a client his can would be ready in 10 years. "Morning or afternoon?" the customer asked. "What's the difference, if it's in 10 years," the

coming in the morning," the This explains the envious stares

salesman said. "The plumber is

of residents living near Voyevodina Street but not fortunate enough to bave Reagan's motorcade passing by their homes. "I know why they're doing all

this," an elderly woman in a kerchief remarked. "It's for the president - but my building is not getting painted and we still won't get to see him.'

Political tremors foreseen at Yugoslav party conference

By Peter Humphrey

BELGRADE — The pillars of 'Titoism," Yugoslavia's unique brand of Socialism, are trembling. Triple digit inflation, mounting debt, worker inrest, corruption scandals and power struggles betweeo regions and personalities have prompted the ruling Communist Party to hold its first ever "extraordinary" conference from May 29-31 to try to unite its fractious ranks.

"It is now not just an economic crisis, not just a political crisis. It's the system in crisis," a Western ambassador said.

"The party must be purged, expelling thieves and liars," delegate Vujadin Lazovic told the Montenegro party conference. one of a round of regional conferences before the Belgrade meeting of 786 delegates of the league of Communists of Yugoslavia

surmount the difficulties with which we are confronted," he

His remarks reflected the rebellious mood of rank and file members and vounger politicians, impatient with an "old guard" whom they blame for leading this once-prosperous country to ruin. Politicians have publicly vowed there will be a clash of personali-ties and policies — for and against economic reform and

Marshal Josip Broz Tito's selfmanagement Socialism is blamed fot today's economic. political and moral crisis. The official conference tasks are to debate economic teform. political reform, and a reform of the party itself, unlike usual con-

more democracy -- as the late

chart general policy lines. The conference will examine how and why Yugoslavia's move towards market economy and CY). greater democracy, policies con-"That is the only way we can firmed at the last congress two

gresses held every four years to

years ago, is being stalled.

Its outcome may influence wbether Yugoslavia steps up reform or tetreats to greater cen-"There is an ongoing conflict of

Stipe Suvar. a Croatian member of the party Presidium (Politburo) said last month. "If democratic forces don't win, it will jeopardise Yugoslavia and Socialism, Suvar told a meeting of the Serbia regional

democratic and undemocratic

forces in the party and society,"

party branch central committee. Suvar, like other politicians. steered clear of naming names. The party has yet to find highlevel scapegoats for the crisis. "The conference will not be held in an atmosphere of general concordance, but sharp con-frontations," Suvar said this

Yugoslavia has broken with past practice and is not allowing foreign reporters into the conference centre or inviting guests.

Suvar said the conference should identify those morally and ideologically fit and scrutinise regional party leaders who were

bstructing federal policies.

The party should not let itself

become a coalition of regional parties based on nationalism, he warned. Reforms were impossible without changes in the party itself,

Suvar said, urging it to abandon its political monopoly and stop interfering in state and government affairs. Suvar has been a rising political

star in recent years, along with several contemporaries in their 40s and early 50s - his Croatian colleague Ivica Racan, Serbian leader Slobodan Milosevic, and Slovenia's leader Milan Kucan. The struggle between ideas and

of unprecedented soul-searching in the increasingly free Yugoslav

personalities has unleashed a flood

"What's socialism?" "What's capitalism. Is there capitalism without capitalists?" "Must the party change its programme?" What went wrong with self-management?" Such are the headlines of the day.

Yugoslavia's highly-decentralised self-management economy was adopted by Tito after he btoke with Soviet style centralism in 1948, handing self-management powers to the factories. He also introduced a constitution providing for collective leadership after his death and sweep-

eight Yugoslav republics and provinces an effective veto against federal government policy. Free-wheeling self-management, with its uncontrolled financial practices, piled up today's

\$21 billion debt and 152 per cent inflation. The collective leadership system blocked anyone from ever outshining Tito, even after his death, but also made it impossi-

hle for a new strong leader to

The constitution gave the regions, with widely disparate development levels, a chance to stall every economic policy which went against their divergent interests. Trapped by the economic crisis, the LCY lost political and

moral credibibty. Thousands of members have left the party and official unions in recent years, official reports say. Yugoslav economists say onethird of the 23 million Yugoslavs ing regional autonomy, giving the

live below poverty level. Under pressure from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), Prime Minister Branko Mikulic this month launches an austerity programme, curbing pay and lift-

ing some price controls and res-

trictions on imports and foreign

Mikulic is also drafting sweeping economic reforms - to revamp a system that was itself once deemed a bold socialist re-

Prospects of contra rebels renewing war fade

By Alister Doyle

Reuter

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras -Prospects that Nicaraguan rightwing contra rebels could resume their war against the left-wing government in Managua are fading because the contras lack funds and firm leadership, diplomats

Representatives of the contras and the Sandinista government were due to meet in Nicaragua from Wed. to try to work out a lasting peace in the seven-year war. A two-month preliminary ceasefire is due to expire on May

But the credibility of rebel threats to resume fighting has dimmed since the United States fighters, out of a 12,000-strong

cut off military aid in Feb.

Since Feb. the contras have gone from a relatively successful guerrilla force to a badly underfunded band with low motale" one western diplomat said. "I don't think that many will go

back to fight in Nicaragua.' Nicaraguan President Daniel Ortega declared a unilateral onemonth extension to the truce on Mon. but the contras say they will have to meet the Sandinistas to discuss whether to prolong the ceasefire.

But without new U.S. aid or a new leader to bind them together, the contra army may slowly disintegrate, diplomats An estimated 6,000 contra

army, have moved to Honduras to receive U.S. humanitarian aid under a 47.9 million dollar programme since late April.

But instead of resting and regrouping, the rebels have been bruised by a mutiny against their top military commander Enrique Berniudez, whom dissidents accuse of being corrupt, dictatorial and out of touch with a war that he runs mainly from Honduras and the United States.

The contras said last weekend the mutiny had ended, but suspicions between dissidents and loyalists are likely to linger. At least one dissident commander, Walter Calderon, has said Bermudez used threats to get other commanders to ensure their backing for him and that the

mutiny would continue.

One non-U.S. diplomat said that U.S. officials working in Honduras to try to help keep the contras together were increasingly depressed about the outlook for the rebels.

There was also a growing sense that the policy of giving out large parts of the \$47.9 million package of humanitarian aid inside Honduras was ill-conceived as it had lured the contras far from the battlefields, diplomats said.

The contras have long bad bases in Honduras, and bave come to a remote area in the east of the country which was dubbed "New Nicaragua" before most of the rebels left Honduras in a major offensive in 1987.

That offensive was spurred by

an unprecedented \$100 million package of U.S. military aid, but chances of a major new package of military supplies to encourage the contras to leave Honduras again seem slim.

"Only if the Sandinistas do something incomprehensibly stupid are there good prospects for the contras to receive new military aid," one diplomat said.

Since the signing of a Central American peace plan last August. the Sandinistas bave made some moves towards the democratic reforms in Nicaragua for which the contras bave been fighting. But the rebels are deeply suspicious of peace talks and say they fear the Sandinistas are making

cosmetic reforms in order to cut

off U.S. support, defeat the re-

bels and then impose a strict Communist system. Contra spokesman Bosco Matamoros said the Sandinistas

had been using the two-month ceasefire, agreed on March 23, to reinforce positions in northern Nicaragua. The Sandinistas "have moved large numbers of personnel and transport equipment to the north:

Matamoros criticised the U.S. humanitarian aid package, saying it did not provide spare parts for trucks and for the DC6 planes that are used to transport the supplies. The aid covers food, medicine, uniforms, boots; radios and other non-military supplies.

it shows they're preparing a large

operation against our forces" he

هكذا مند للصل

FROM THE WORLD'S PRESS

U.S. sees high oil potential in Iraq

HOUSTON - The U.S. is moving toward closer oil ties with Iraq, which could emerge as the world's next petroleum Goliath. U.S. Energy Secretary John S. Herrington has recently been narturing the relationship because he thinks Iraq's oil reserves eventually will be equal to or greater than those of Saudi Arabia. which currently bolds the world record for petroleum resources

with 170 billion barrels of proven reserves. Moreover, Herrington said in an interview, "The friendly Arab countries and the U.S. want stability in the Persian Gulf—and that

Issam Abdul Rahim Al Chalabi, Iraq's oil minister, is currently in the U.S. — at Herrington's invitation — for visits with both government and oil-company officials regarding Iraq's hurgeoning

In the interview, Herrington said that Iraq's growing oil potential and its ability to export increasing amounts through pipelines were "significant" and coincide with the interest of the U.S., which is protecting Gulf oil tankers from Iranian attacks. "Our underlying national interest is the free flow of oil," he said, citing Iran's threats to close the Strait of Hormuz, the narrow outlet through which Gulf oil tankers must pass — The Wall Street Journal.

Egypt, Algeria close to normal ties

CAIRO — The Presidents of Egypt and Algeria are said by government sources here to be negotiating the final points of a plan to restore diplomatic relations in advance of the Arab summit in Algiers next month.

Washington Post correspondent David B. Ottaway reported from Washington that a knowledgeable Middle Eastern diplomat said this week that Algeria was prepared to reestablish diplomatic relations with Cairo before the summit — The Washington Post.

PLO says it will seek clear-cut Arab stands towards Palestinians

tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official has accused Arab states of denying Palestinians political and financial support needed to continue their uprising

against Israeli occupation.

Bassam Abu Sharif, PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's media advisor, also said the PLO would seek at the extraordinary Arab summit conference set for June 7 to pin down clear-cut stands from each of the Arah states vis-a-vis the Palestinian problem.

Abu Sharif was writing in an elaborate expose published by the London-hased newsletter Mideast Mirror Friday. A copy of the article was telexed to the AP.

The question that will be asked both in private and in public will be: 'Who among you supports the establishment of a Palestinian state and who opposes it?" Abu Sharif wrote. There will be no room for double-talk or half-baked positions."

Abu Sharif charged that the summit, to be held in Algiers, had been delayed because of "behind-the-scenes tug-of-war" between the two views on the Palestinian issue.

Chadli Benjedid took the initiauve to call for the summit because of "a justified belief that Arab officialdom was guilty of dereliction of duty towards the Palestinian uprising in the occu-

Algeria felt that Arabs not only withheld financial support to the Palestinians but also kept them under political siege," he

But, argued Ahu Sharif, the Pulestinian uprising had suc-ceeded in putting U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz' initiative "in a vicious circle" despite the weight the U.S. administration put behind it and the support of "allies" in the region. He did not name the allies.

In adition to Benjedid, Abu Sharif also praised Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah

He accused the ambassador to the United Nations, Vernon Walters, who is currently in the Middle East, of pressing for "starving the PLO of funds" to stop PLO support for the uprising, "curh its (PLO) influence and reduce

He renewed charges that the

U.S. administration was conveying "threatening messages" to the PLO leadership, accusing it of planning series of attacks against American citizens and facilities

The purpose of such charges and threats by the administration is to prepare the climate for terrorist operations against the PLO and its leadership and to cover up for Israel's crimes against the Palestinian people."

He said Shultz, who is scheduled to visit the region next month, is likely to be followed by President Ronald Reagan as "the last kick of an outgoing administration.

He said the U.S. "administraoon felt the region was sitting on a powder keg, seriously threatening its interests."

But, Abu Sharif noted, the U.S. administration has exhausted its means to neutralise Arab effectiveness. He predicted that eventually Washington would have to accept "reality by recognising the rights of the Palestinian people.

house, killing the Turkish soldier in an exchange of fire lasting several minutes. In north Cyprus, one official source said: The Turkish-Cypriot holy city of Qom and other

As many as half the capital's six million population fled to the countryside to escape the missiles that blasted a path of destruction across the city be-

The Iranians were clearly

Last month, the Iraqis said

The Iranians failed to launch a long-expected major offensive during the winter, when bad weather conditions favour Iran by neutralising Iraq's su

centres had been hit by missiles. One Western diplomat in Tehran at the time said the psychological impact on Iranians was "extremely severe."

tween Feb. 29 and April 21.

outgunned. The Iraqis fired nearly 200 long-range missiles, believed to he upgraded Soviet Scud weapons. The Iranians were only able to fire one-third that number in retaliation.

they have developed a new missile with a 990-kilometre range capable of hitting areas that has been beyond their

petior air power and armor.

Iraq's battle victories add to Iran's troubles

By Ed Blanche The Associated Press

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NICOSIA — In five weeks, Iraq has dramatically turned the tables on Iran in the Gulf war with two major battlefield victories that analysts say have added to Tehran's military and political troubles.

The unexpected aggressive spirit shown by the Iraqis, who for the last six years bave been content to fight a static war behind their formidable defence lines, appears to have caught the Iranians flat-footed twice in just over a month.

The Iraqi Third Army Corps, spearheaded by brigades of the elite Presidential Guard, drove the Iranians out of marshlands east of the southern port city of Basra Wednesday to a lightning

The Seventh Corps, also led by Presidential Guard units, recaptured the Fao Peninsula south of Basra in a 34-hour assault that ended April 18. The same day, the U.S. navy

The army forbade the group

from waving banners and handing

out brochures. The group hung

large banners on its buses for the

first part of the journey out of

Jerusalem, then stopped to re-

move them when eotering the

After the signs were removed,

the convoy of cars and buses

continued with lights on. Demon-

strators waved out of windows

and smiled at Palestinians, many

of whom waved and smiled back.

deot from Al Bireh, said: "This is

a good thing. Peace Now is a

good movement in Israel and we

wish them success to work with us

to liberate the occupied lands

because we know that most

gathetiog 400,000 people to de-

monstrate in Tel Aviv in 1982

after Israeli-allied militiamen

Peace Now is best known for

Israelis are not with us."

Ra'ed, 19, a Palestinian stu-

West Bank.

sank one of Iran's missile frigates and a missile attack craft and disabled another frigate in clashes in the Gulf after destroying two of Iran's offshore

oil platforms. That seriously damaged Iran's naval power. Tehran sought to save face by staging big naval manoeuvres.

But Western analysts noted that although Iran boasted 55 vessels took part, only five modern warships and an aging destroyer believed to be nonoperational, were assembled with a score of small craft.

"They're clearly in no shape to take on the Americans again, but the Revolutionary Guards in their armed speedboats remain a menace," noted a European naval specialist. The analysts said it may be

too soon to consider this string of defeats a turning point in the seemingly interminable Gulf

... But the military setbacks in such a short time have badly jolted Tehran, already beset by economic woes, a political pow-

(Continued from page 1) massacred Palestinians in the nisation (PLO)-linked leadership of

Sabra and Shatila refugee camps

Demonstrators said they had

wanted especially to visit the vil-

lage of Beita, where two Palesti-

nians and an Israeli girl were

killed in a clash in April, The

army found the girl bad been

accidentally shot by another

Israeli, but hlew up 13 bouses in

by Palestinians oo Jewish settlers.

Bank Palestinians, especially

those from Beita, to give them a

different message than the set-

tlers. We wanted to tell them 'we'

respect your humanity and digni-

ty and we hope a solution will he

found'," said Edi Kaufman, a

The army blocked entrances to

all Palestinian villages and Jewish

settlements oo the route to pre-

vent demonstrators from ming-

ling with local people.
The Palestine Liberation Orga-

the village as a reprisal for attacks

We wanted to see the West

Protesters attack Israeli army HQ in Gaza

in Beirut.

er struggle between radicals and conservatives and growing international isolation.

Iranian economy hit

Iraqi air raids on Iran's oil exports, its economic lifeline, and refinetics in recent months have taken their toll. Iran is now importing unprecedented amounts of refined products like kerosene and jet fuel. The slump in the value of the dollar, to which oil prices are pegged, has cut the revenues it needs to pay for its war effort.

"The Iraqis are clearly determined to reclaim their territory," said Hans-Heino Kopietz, an analyst with the London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies

"But they don't seem to be interested in going across the border into Iran again," he said in a telephone interview.

The analysts believe that the sudden change in Iraqi strategy stems from Baghdad's frustra-tion with the failure of the U.N. Security Council to impose

the uprising Saturday issued its

18th communique of directives on

how to continue resistance.

It repeated previous calls for

Palestinians to working to bring

about the resignation of Israeli

authorities, asked schools to set

up new schedules to compensate

for an almost four-mooth closure

by the authorities, and called for

The communique said June 1

was "International Children's

Day" and called for the giving of

gifts to children of all Palestinian

prisooers. A general strike was

called for June 3, 4 and 5 duting a

Middle East visit by U.S. Secret-

The leaders called for the

Palestinian issue to be a central

issue at the U.S.-Soviet summit in

Moscow next week and also

asked Arah countries to take a

Foreigo Ministry spokesman

Gennady Gerasimov hailed the

ratification by both sides as "a

very good prelude to the summit

bere in Moscow" and said the

next step should be conclusion of

a strategic arms reduction treaty.

vardnadze said the treaty "puts

Foreign Minister Eduard Sbe-

unified stand on the matter.

ary of State George Shultz.

Palestinian sources said.

refusal to pay taxes.

sanctions on Iran for not heeding a ceasefire resolution pas-

frag said it would abide by the ceasefire if Iran did. But Tehran has said it will only comply if Iraq is first branded the "aggressor."

The resolution also called for a return to pre-war borders. lran's loss of its footholds in Iraq roh it of valuable bargaining chips in any peace negotia-

Psychological blow

The two bridgeheads at Fao and Basra were two of the most significant gains the Iranians had to show for six years of fighting that cost them tens of thousands of casualties. The loss of that territory is a

al blow. In addition, the Iranians earlier this year endured seven weeks of Iraqi missile and air

major psychological and politic-

attacks on Tehran and other major cities. It was the first time since the

war began that Tehrao, the

PLO renews charge U.S. involved in Wazir murder

ABU DHABI (R) -- The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has again charged that the United States was involved in the killing of PLO deputy military commander Khlail Al Wazir (Abu Jihad) last month.

Salah Khalaf, number two in the PLO's main group Fatch, said a sea-borne force, including U.S. ships, was ready to intervene if the attack on Abu Jihad bad failed in Tunis April 16.

"There was a big force at sea ready to intervene if the attack ran into trouble or one of the assailants was killed or captured," Khalaf said oo state-run Ahu Dhabi Televisioo Friday

There were fleets and aircraft carriers belonging to the U.S. and other states who belped the Israelis," he said. Israeli agents are widely be-

the raid on his bome. Officials in Israel bave publicly declined to admit or deny involvement.

earlier accusations by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat of U.S. complicity in the killing. Khalaf said all PLO leaders

intelligence service. "(Mossad) has been after us for 2J years, helped by some foreign

to name," he said. They will not hesitate to hunt me, Arafat or any other Palestinian leader if they have the

chance." "Ahu Jihad was a man who believed in fate," Khalaf said. "He used to advise us to take

lieved to have killed Abu Jihad in

Washington strongly denied

were targets for Israel's Mossad intelligence which I do not want

meet. precautions but failed to do so

Papoulias told reporters: "I be-

The presence of an esumated 29,000 Turkish troops backing a breakaway Turkish-Cyprior state in northern Cyprus — which Ankara alone recognises - re-

mains a divisive issue. Turkey invaded Cyprus in 1974 in reaction to a short-lived coup in Nicosia led by officers of the junta then ruling Greece.

U.N. peacekeepers patrol the part of the buffer zone where Saturday's shooting occurred but Greek-Cypriots have three National Guard posts and a police presence in the village.

The nearest Turkish guard post is about 1,000 metres from the house where the Turk was shot. The shootings were the first fatal clash involving opposing troops since 1983 when Turks shot dead a Greek-Cypnot soldier across the narrow Nicosia buffer zone, which in places is

reach it," said the Turkish-Cyponly a few metres wide. riot official who asked not to be Last week United Nations soldiers killed a Turkish-Cypriot and The shooting coincided with two Austrian U.N. soldiers were United Nations proposals for new wounded in shootings at Pyla talks to end 14 years of division in village, the only mixed village of Cyprus. Turkish-Cypriot leader Greek and Turkish Cypriots in Rauf Denktash has accepted the idea in principle but Greek-Cyp-

Turkish Cypriots have called a riots did not immediately redemonstration to protest against UNFICYP's role in the death of The prime ministers of Greece the villager.

and Turkey are due to meet in The U.N.-casualties were the Athens next month in continuing first since the Turkish air force backing the 1974 invasion killed efforts to improve long-strained side is investigating how this soldier relations between the two North three Austrians in a napalm entered the buffer zone without Atlantic Treaty Organisation

Turco-Greek peace bids inch forward but face major hurdles

Greek, Turkish Cypriot

being noticed by UNFICYP, and why UNFICYP allowed Greek-

Cypriot troops into the buffer

zone to engage in a shoot-out

Political sources on the divided

island said the gunfight - the

second incident in the U.N.-con-

did not appear to he a deliberate

between the Turkish and Greek

Cypriot sides but was the struggle

of a Turkish soldier who either

went to the wrong side by mistake

or who tried to take refuge on the

Greek side and was unable to

"The incident was not a fight

trolled buffer zone in a week -

with the Turkish soldier."

provocation.

killed in shootout

NICOSIA (R) — Greek-Cypriot police shot dead a

Turkish soldier Saturday after he killed a Greek-

Cypriot soldier called to investigate a reported rape

attempt, a military statement said.

The Greek-Cypriot National Guard statement said the soldier

was shot at Athienou village,

which lies east of Nicosia in a

disputed area of the huffer zone

dividing Greek and Turkish Cyp-

According to the National Guard, the Turkish soldier "en-

tered a house at Athienou village

and tried to rape a woman." The

family in the house ran out and

sought help from a nearby National Guard post.

the soldier was a fugitive and a

senior Turkish-Cypnot official

said the U.N. Force in Cyprus

(UNFICYP) was told the man

was missing after he deserted his

unit two days ago.

The National Guard said the

Turk opened fire from the house,

killing Guardsman Charalambos

Charalambous and wounding

Witnesses said a crack police

anti-terrorist unit stormed the

another soldier.

Official sources in Ankara said

ATHENS (R) — Greece and Turkey have giveo their fragile peace initiative a boost with new agreements to ease tensions in the Aegean Sea region but tough tests await their prime ministers at a meeting in Atbens in two

"Now both sides have a historic opportunity and I don't think we can afford to miss it," Turkisb Foreign Minister Mesut Yilmaz told reporters after four days of meetings in Athens.

Yilmaz, whose tough talk on Greek-Turkish relations set off several recent diplomatic scuffles, said new measures adopted during his visit could help pave the way for resolving problems which have brought the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) allies close to war.

"I believe in good time both sides will be in a position to face courageously, and to look forward to the solution of, our fundamental problems," he said.

Yilmaz and Greek Foreign Minister Karolos Papoulias issued an eight-point joint communique after the talks, agreeing to lift visa restrictions on diplomats and coordinate action against terrorism, illicit drugs and smugglers.

They also signed a five-point memorandum of understanding listing measures to ease tensions in the Aegean Sea region, where territotial disputes have caused deep animosity between the two East Mediterranean oeighbours.

lieve we succeeded io taking many encouraging steps in the right direction, just a few days before our prime mioisters

Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou and Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal, who lauo-

ched a surprise peace initiative in tion to join the community. January, are expected to address the fundamental problems when they meet in Athens June 13-15. Turkey and EEC

Ozal said Friday Turks may question their continued membership of NATO if the Euro-(EEC) rejects Ankara's applica-

Replying to questions about any possible links between the two issues duting a meeting with financial journalists in Istanbul. he said: "Our public might have questions about the matter."

Ozal's comment reflected a harder tone towards the EEC in pean Economic Community some official quarters after recent

U.S. adds Aegis class cruiser to Gulf fleet

ABOARD USS VINCENNES IN THE STRAIT OF HORMUZ (R) - The United States navy has added one of its billion-dollar Aegis cruisers, the fleet's most powerful and sophisticated warships, lo its Gulf-based squadron.

Captain Will Rogers III, skipper of the Vincennes, said that despite its multi-purpose capabilities his ship did not represent an escalation of the U.S. armed presence in the war-torn waterway, where tensions have run high since U.S. and Iranian naval forces engaged in setious clashes April 18.

"Let's face it. It's a low-level threat." Rogers said, referring to the Iranians, "We don't consider the Iranians an enemy. We're not at

The Vincennes, fitted with "Aegis." a state-of-the-sirt, computerised radar surveillance and missile weapons system, brings to the Gulf "a multi-mission capability" equivalent to several U.S. warships

now on duty there, Rogers said. The system is designed to enable the ship to manage a hostile situation in defence of an aircraft carrier battle group, he added. Rogers, speaking to members of the Pentagon news media pool aboard the Vincennes, said the ship would replace the guided

missile cruiser Wainwright and take over the ano-aircraft surveillance role performed since February by that craft. The Wainwright is one of five vessels leaving the Gulf in the next few days as part of a rotation announced earlier by the Pentagon. The Vincennes had just one day's notice and spent only 90 hours in

port preparations before making a 32-day, 13,000-nautical-mile dash across the Pacific from San Diego, California, to the Gulf of Oman where it arrived on May 22. The ship did not actually enter the Gulf until Saturday. Some

officers said the delay apparently occurred hecause senior U.S. officials did not want the superpowerful warship to sail through the Strait of Hormuz into the Gulf while Iran was conducting several days of naval manoeuvres in the area.

Stage set for superpower summit in Moscow

peace activist.

(Continued from page 1)

prisoners and other liberalising moves had bolstered relations between Washingtoo and Moscow and offered hope for a highter

"And that's why we're ready to work with the Soviets. To praise and criticise, and work for greater contact, and for change." Reagan said. "Because that is the path to lasting peace, greater freedom and a safer world."

Reagan, in a separate telecast to the Soviet Union, appealed for more openness and religious freedom and repeated his praise for Gorhachev as a break with the

"I have to say I think there is a difference between this general secretary and other of your leaders that I had met with in the past," Reagan said.

The interview was recorded before Reagan left Washington. In Moscow, polithuro member and Moscow Communist Party boss Lev. N. Zaikov said the summit, which begins Sunday. 'opens up new vistas" in arms

"The meeting inspires us with hope that even greater agree-ments will be reached," Zaikov said in remarks to the Praesi-

The Praesidium, a cabinet-like council headed by President Andrei A. Gromyko, voted after | About 75 T-54 Soviet-made

more than an hour of speeches by members of the ruling polithuro and other secior officials, including Defeoce Minister Dmitri

Gorbachev sits on the 36-member Praesidium, but he appeared to be absent from the social

93-5 to ratify the pact signed by Reagan and Gorbachev at their summit in Washington in De-

The Soviet action came just 17 hours after the U.S. Senate voted

Syrians complete thrust into S. Beirut

(Continued from page 1)

battles but now felt safe to return. Families came back to find rows of gutted shops and shellblasted bomes.

The Syrian soldiers, in squads of ten, stood guard aloog streets as children played happily with empty cartridge cases. Bulldozers shoved aside barri-

cades of sand thrown across most streets by the gunmen. Some soldiers piled up sandbags while others fixed some of the thousands of power and tele-phone lioes shredded in the fighting.

A force of 800 Syrian soldiers, supported by 100 policemen, took control of the Chiyah and Ghobeiri districts Friday.

the policy of 'new thinking' ioto action" and would allow diversion of funds for use in the social

remained parked behind sanddunes along the airport road facing the suburbs as they had since arriving in Beirut May 14. The Iranian embassy, in a statement issued on Friday, urged

militiameo not to violate truce.

tanks and 40 armoured vehicles

Iran initially rejected Syria's decision to police the suburbs as sought by Amal. But Tehran changed its mind after high-level negotiations with Damascus. Syria, the maio foreign influ-

25,000 troops stationed io Beirut, the east and the north. Diplomats said Damascus should gain substantial prestige and echance its regional infinence from the military action, especially if it led to the release of the foreign bostages.

ence in Lebanon, has more than



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1.000

1.000 1.000

1.000

0.730

4.010

0.970 0.780 2.740

1.130

0.970

0.770

Prominent Soviet economists criticise cooperative tax law

The average industrial worker

"I think this law on progressive

taxation on cooperatives is very

of development of cooperatives,

Aganbegyan said the tax rates

He said a uniform progressive

probably would be on the books

for a year or more before they

tax rate evectually should be de-

veloped for those who work in

cooperatives and those who work

for state-fun enterprises. Cur-

rently, workers in the state sector

pay a flat 13 per cent if they earn more than 300 roubles (\$480) a

Alcohol campaign

Under another topic, Soviet

officials are dehating whether to lift the Kremlin's anti-alcohol

campaign which has led people to

drink moonshine and given an

capita consumption of alcohol in

the Soviet Union had not been

reduced despite the three-year-

old campaign and drastic cuts in

"Unfortunately, I am afraid nothing has changed. Instead of

state liquor sales.

Shmelev said.

Shmelev told reporters the per

impetus to organised crime.

sign of life in that body.

could be amended.

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Two top Soviet economists Friday criticised progressive taxes on cooperatives, calling the taxes bureaucratic meddling that will discourage growth of consumer goods and services.

month.

he said.

The Snoreme Soviet, the country's nominal parliament, Thursday passed a law expanding the makes about 200 rouhles (\$320) a rights of cooperatives to compete with the inefficient state-run eco-

But in a rare move, the body expanded the rights of local government to give tax hreaks to preferred kinds of cooperatives and directed that a progressive tax structure decreed earlier be rewritten.

The Supreme Soviet normally only rubber stamps legislation that already has been approved by the Communist Party, the

dominant force in Soviet society. Abel Aganbegyan, an economist close to Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, told reporters that the progressive taxes that reach 90 per ceot were "adopted behind closed doors" by the finance

ministry. "Some provisions are faulty, They didn't know much about progressive taxation," he said.

Aganbegyan said the taxes will not belp stimulate cooperatives - small businesses that are owned hy those who work in them. Gorbachev has said the cooperatives are a key element of his plans to improve the supply of goods and services to consumers. who face widespread shortages in the state-run economy.

Nikolai Shmelev, an economist with the Soviet Union's USA-Canada Institute, said the tax rates decreed by the finance ministry apparently would remain in effect until they can be rewritten.

Uoder that plan, tax rates would be 27 per cen1 on a monthly income of 1,000 rouhles revised. We are (\$1,600) and 53.5 per cent on an that," he said.

reduced vodka sales, while the production of home brew boomed, giving an impetus to organised crime, be said. income of 2,000 rouhles (\$3,200).

Shmelev spoke at a news conference to discuss Gorbachev's a JD 1,057,056 net profit for 1987 economic restructuring prog-

The state lost funds through

He is an ardent supporter of Gorbachev's economic reforms, but said the anti-alcohol campaign was misguided.
"This campaign is wrong. It

bad. It puts obstacles in the way took a wrong path. It took the path of administrative war," he He said the debate in the Sup-·reme Soviet was an encouraging

Gorbachev launched the antidrink campaign shortly after coming to power in March 1985 as part of his plan to reform the economy, which had been badly hit hy drunkenness among

Officials cut the opening hours of liquor stores, raised prices and cracked down on public drunken-

But recently there have been appeals in the Soviet media for a reassessment of the campaign.

A May 6 article in the govern-ment newspaper Izvestia said Soviet citizens were angry at the Kremlin over a sugar shortage which it hlamed on the rise in home brewing.

"Unfortunately, we emharked on the course without giving any thought to the economic aspects," Shmelev said. Shmelev said the Soviet Un-

ion's drink problem would be solved over generations rather than a few years hut the campaign had been successful in two ways. "The streets of Moscow are

calmer now and people stopped drinking at the workplace. This is the maximum that can he

state-produced spirits, people are drinking moonshine. Sometimes they even drink chemicals," achieved hy police methods."
He said people might not spend "Perhaps the policy should be so much money on liquor if there were more consumer goods to revised. We are in a deadlock on

Jordan Worsted Mills declares 35% dividends

By Salameh Ne'matt Jordan Times economic correspondent

AMMAN — The Jordan Worsted Mills Company has declared

Despite the profit decline, the company is distributing 35 per cent in dividends to shareholders against only 26 per cent in the

4,870,637 with receivables from the armed forces, the public security and the air force declin-Big devaluation marks ing from JD 2,982,864 to JD 657,295. The company's board of direclaunch of Yugoslav tors said it was satisfied with the company's rate of growth, and austerity programme expressed thanks to the Jordanian armed forces, public security

ernment launched a long-awaited economic austerity programme Saturday by freeing prices and devaluing the dinar hy 23.9 per

The moves cleared the way for a standby credit from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and other fresh loans to finance a revitalisation of Yugoslavia's crisis-torn economy.

Prime Minister Branko Mikulic's timing of the measures was bold, a day before the start of a special three-day Communist Party conference called to tackle the crisis and hammer out unity

on reform plans. The overnight devaluation, which will make Yugoslav exports cheaper and encourage foreign tourists, was the second big slash in the dinar's value in seven months, although it has been depreciating rapidly day hy day for several years.

A year ago the dinar was changing hands at 609 to the dollar. Friday, the rate was 1,549. Monday, it will be over 1,900 to the dollar.

The government also removed controls from 40 per cent of imports and 60 per cent of prices, a step that will hurt workers already seething with anger over wage controls in a country where the average pay is less than \$200 a

The government kept controls on some essential foodstuffs such as milk and flour, with producers subsidised by the state.

Prices were frozen last November as inflation soared to over 170 per cent. Inflation is now 152 per cent and an initial price explosion is expected to follow this weekend's thaw.

The government slapped, an immediate 32 per cent price rise on petrol. Oil went up 36 per

BELGRADE (R) — Despite cent, train fares 38 per cent, worker unrest, the Yugoslav gov- electricity 31 per cent, coal 30 per electricity 3I per cent, coal 30 per cent and postal services 28 per

cent. The government has been at pains to convince the public that the austerity programme was not dictated by the IMF but adopted on its own volition.

Many senior party officials privately say they oppose it and that the IMF deal should not have been signed.

They believe debt repayments should have been suspended and structural reforms implemented

The standhy credit, exceeding \$400 million, is one component of some \$1.2 billion in new credits Yugoslavia wants this year to ease the repayment burden on its \$21 hillion debt. The World Bank and commercial creditors are providing the rest.

The financing is essential to support the liheralisation of prices, imports and foreign exchange controls which have been combined with wage curbs and public spending curbs.

The government is also keeping interest rates a few points above the inflation rate.

Western creditors insisted that Yugoslavia negotiate a conditional deal with the IMF before they would reschedule the dehts and provide new loans.

The austerity programme was essentially what the IMF demanded. Western diplomats said.

Yugoslavia, a non-aligned communist country of 23 million people, plunged into economic crisis in the 1980s after borrowing heavily in the 1970s, mis-investing much of the cash or using it to fuel a consumer boom. Last July it missed repayments

of \$245 million at a time of low exchange reserves and falling exports, which forced it to approach the IMF for help.

Reuters acquires 48.8% stake in Australian Associated Press

LONDON (R) — Reuters Holdings PLC said Friday it had bought a 48.8 per cent interest in Australian Associated Press PTY Ltd (AAP) for 74.2 million Australian dollars (\$59.4 million). Reuters acquired 44.65 per

cent of the domestic news agency's holding company from the John Fairfax Ltd Group and 4.15 per cent from West Australian Newspapers Ltd, part of the Bell

Fairfax and West Australian Newspapers had originally agreed to sell the shares to media magnate Rupert Murdoch's News Corporation Ltd.

But Australia's anti-monopoly

NEW YORK (R) - Texaco Friday rejected a \$60 a share takeov-

er offer from Carl Icahn, paving

the way for a full-scale hattle for

five seats opening up on the

fight for the board seats if Tex-

Icahn had said he might drop a

Texaco board next montb.

poration to determine whether laws relating to market dominance had been violated. Reuters spokesman David

Friday's acquisition would be to keep the Reulers stake connected with Murdoch to below 15 per trust deeds allow anyone to hold

publicly traded "B" shares, out of

Texaco had already expressed

doubts about the hid made

company at \$14.5 billion, calling

it illusory and lacking sufficient

In a short statement after the

financial hacking.

Wednesday which values the

watchdog, the Trade Practices
Commission, said it would investigate the deal with News Corvestigate the deal with News Cor-Reuters said it acquired the

Keefe said one consequence of Murdoch's company an equal in-

in the company's shares. in Reuters remained about 9.5 million "A" shares out of 100 or liabilities. The stake acquired

Fairfax and West Australian Newspapers' interest under an accord with News Corporation that had received formal approval from the Australian government. The deal will give Reuters and

cent, the maximum which Reuter terest in the holding company. He said Murdoch's main stake Australian domestic news agency

AAP holds 13.9 million Reuters "A" shares on behalf of the and has no other significant assets million in issue, and 10.3 million hy Reuters is equivalent to 6.8 million underlying "A" shares.

stantial progress in restructuring

and a lack of supporting informa-

tion provided by Icahn, particu-

Texaco shares declined 75

cents to \$49.25, reaching the

day's low after the announce-

ment. Some had hoped Texaco's

hoard might propose share buybacks or other shareholder

incentives, and were dis-

appointed that none was

Texaco has estimated the cost

of a takeover, with debt included, to be \$20 hillion. But Icahn, the

largest Texaco shareholder with

14.8 per cent of the stock, said his

cost for buying the remaining

shares he does not already own

Texaco said its financial advis-

er, Morgan Stanley and Co, did

not believe Icahn could obtain

financing for the bid. It said Icahn

made the bid after he had stated

on May 22 that he did not believe

he could obtain financing for an

would be \$12.4 hillion.

announced.

larly related to financing.

Federal Reserve see no further credit tightening

NEW YORK (R) — The Federal Reserve (Fed) sent a small but explicit signal Friday that no further credit tightening is imminent hy injecting a modest portion of reserves to the banking system, economists said.

The Fed added \$1 billion of

reserves to the hanking system through customer repurchase agreements, a move which is typically not considered an important gauge of monetary policy.

Bnt Friday, the addition was perceived by the markets as a sign that the central bank does not intend to raise its key discount rate yet and does not want federal funds rates to rise above 7.5 per

The Fed funds rates - at which banks lend each other overnight reserves - stood at 7.5 per cent when the central bank intervened and had gone as high as 7-9/16 per

Thursday, the funds rate averaged 7.49 per cent and traded as high as 7¾ per cent. Economists said U.S. bank data released Thursday largely confirmed suspicions that the Fed had raised its Fed funds target at least a quarter point to 7.25 per cent, hut doubts lingered over the severity of the tightening.

"I think it's quite ohvious they are indicating that there is a cap on the Fed funds rate at 7.5 per cent," said Anthony Karydakis of Mitsuhishi Bank Ltd. "And we can safely conclude that they are not going to raise the discount rate right now."

The financial markets had been unsettled all week by speculation the Fed might take the dramatic step of lifting its discount rate above the current six per cent

The fears were exacerhated Thursday after the government reported that the gross national product rose at a 3.9 per cent annual rate in the first quarter, far more than the 2.3 per cent rate initially reported.

AMF lends Rabat \$30m

ABU DHABI, United Arab Emirates (AP) — Morocco satur-day was granted a loan of \$30 million hy the Abu Dhahi-based Arab Monetary Fund (AMF).

Abdullah Al Quweiz, chairman of the AMF, said after the signing that the loan was the 14th to be given by the fund to Morocco. raising the total borrowing from the institution hy the North African Arab country to \$326 million. He said the loan is meant to

contribute to offsetting Morocco's balance of payments in 1988. Morocco contributes five per cent in the AMF's capital of \$1.1

Al Quweiz said that the loan was a soft one bearing interest rate that does not exceed five per cent a year.

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

Activity on the Amman Financial Market for May 28, 1988.				
	Number	Volume	Contracts	
Regular market:	277310	JD 309396	373	
Top three companies:				
Arah Bank Ltd.	510	JD 57770	11	
Jordan Rockwool Industries Intermediate Petrochemicals	53000	JD 33873	43	
Industries	16300	JD 21627	41	
Parallel market:	56800	JD 28469	_	
Development bonds:	191	JD 2044	_	
Treasury bills & bonds:	_	_	_	
Other debentures:	_	_	_	
	•			

Weekly Amman Financial Market trading

AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market during the

week starting Saturday, May 21, '88 and ending Tuesday, May 24, '88. (Figures io Jordanian dinars).

Name of company **Banking and financial institutions** Industrial Development Bank 1.420 1.000 Petra Bank
Jordan Islamic Bank 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.660 1.500 1.190 1.710 1.000 Jordan Gulf Bank Housiog Bank
Arab Jordan Investment Bank Cairo Amman Bank 15.100 114.000 155377 Bank of Jordan 10357 I5.800 104201 10.000 114.100 2.490 1.100 2.490 1.160 Jordan Finance House for Development 1.000 1.000 1.000 Jordan Investment and Finance Corporation
Finance and Credit Corporation National Financial Investments 0.720 1.390 0.780 14.500 National Portfolio Securities 1.000 1.000 Arab Finance Corporation (Jordan)

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from 6,870,562 down to JD

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buys a major part of the com-

pany's exports.

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Jordan Lime & Brick 7852 117121 7.170 0.240 1.000 1.000 1.000 National Industries*..... Arab Paper Converting and Trading
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Jordan Pipes Manufacturing
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Iordan Rockwool Industries 102400
Trans-Jordan Minerals Research 1.000 0.610 1.000

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Performances 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

ملدًا صد الأحل

Oilers' tradition continues

The names change, but for the enabled him and his coaching Edmonton Oilers the results restaff of John Muckler and Ted main the same.

Seven players who had their names engraved on the Stanley Cup after last year's victory were elsewhere Thursday night when the Oilers made its two National Hockey League (NHL) titles m a row and four in five years with a 6-3 victory over Boston that completed a four-game sweep of the Bruins in the finals.

Paul Coffey, Andy Moog, Kent Nilsson, Dave Hunter, Moe Lemay, Jaroslav Pouzar and Reijo Ruotsalainen were among the Oilers who outlasted Philadelphia in seven games a year ago. They've been replaced by Craig Simpson, Bill Ranford, Dave Hannan, Geoff Courtnall, Normand Lacombe, Jim Wiemer, Keith Acton and Steve Dykstra. It's all part of Glen Sather's master plan — win now and win

"What happened this year will pay off in the future," said Sather, the Oilers' coach and general manager. "It's a hig compliment to Wayne Gretzky, Mark Messier, Glenn Anderson, Jari Kurri, Kevin Lowe and Grant Fuhr, because they stayed here and they've been here for every

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"They're passing on the tradition. Look in their eyes, and the younger players were as excited as the older ones. They're seeing what it's like to win. And winning is the only way to play this

Gretzky, who became only the third player to win the Conn Smythe trophy twice, said an important part of the veterans' role is what they can pass on to the newcomers to keep the team strong. He's one of a core of nine players that have been part of all four championship teams.

That core remained stable during an otherwise tumultuous 12 months. During that time, Sather traded Coffey, Moog, Hunter and Leway and Lost Nilsson, Ruotsalainen and Pouzer to Europe.

But he replaced them with talented young players that not only lowered the team's average

EDMONTON: Alberta (AP) - age by almost a full year but also Green to smoothly change the Oilers from a wide-open team to one that uses its speed as a

> The commitment to a teamoriented defence-first concept enabled the Oilers to dominate every playoff series. They lost only two of 18 games, twice had fourgame sweeps and won a record 11 games at home.

defensive weapon.

Montpellier clinches **UEFA** birth

PARIS (R) --- Just a year after their promotion to the French first divisinn, Montpeliier hooked a place in next season'a UEFA Cup with a fine 4-0 home victory over Marseille Friday.

Montpellier sealed third place with one match still to come behind newly-installed champions Monaco, who beat Auxerre 3-2 in their last home game of the season, and Borleaux. 4-2 victors over Nice.

Gnals from midfielder Gerard Bernardet, Yugoslav defender Nenad Stojkovic and two more from Thierry Laurey carried Montpellier three points clear of closest rivals Saint-Etienne and Matra Racing Paris, who both lost away

Racing were trounced 5-0 by Lille and Saint-Etienne succumbed 1-0 to brest on the most prolific goal-scoring night of the season in which 42 goals were netted.

In Monaco, where there was no admission charge in honour of the champions, 14,000 spectators thronged the stadium and the Riviera Principality was decked out for a party in red and white, the Monaco

Mavericks beat Lakers in Western Conference finals

DALLAS, Texas (R) — Mark Aguirre and Roy Tarpley teamed up for 44 points to lead the Dallas Mavericks to a 106-94 victory over the Los Angeles Lakers in the Western Conference finals of the National Basketball Association (NBA) Friday.

The Lakers now lead the best-of-seven-game Western Conference finals two games to one, with game four set for Dallas Sunday. Aguirre pumped in 23 points and Tarpley contributed 21 and 19 rebounds. Orlando Blackman chipped in with another 20.

James Worthy was the top scorer with 19 points for Los Angeles.

Magic Johnson had only 14 points for the Lakers who were looking to grab a commanding lead, but instead lost to the Mavericks for the

second time in eight games this year.

The Lakers led 76-75 after three periods, but Dallas, on a basket by Aguirre, went ahead 85-83 and never looked back.

Top athletes compete in Bruce Jenner Classic

SAN JOSE, California (AP) - Jackie Joyner-Kersee, one of track and field's top performers in recent years, and comeback athletes Ron Brown and Mary Decker Slaney are among the runners entered in Saturday's Bruce Jenner Classic.

Joyner-Kersee, who held the U.S. record in the women's 100-metre high hurdles hriefly this month, will be attempting to regain it. Others scheduled to compete in that event include Patricia Davis and 1984 Olympic champion Benita Fitzgerald-Brown.

Joyner-Kersee is co-holder of the women's long jump world record as well as a top hurdler, and she is world champion and world record holder in the hentathlon. UCLA's Gail Devers, not competing in the Jenner meet, is the current holder of the American 100 hurdles mark, 12.61 seconds. Joyner-Kersee ran a record 12.70 at Modesto. California. three

Brown, an Olympic sprinter in 1984, has returned to track after playing four NFL seasons as a receiver for the Los Angeles Rams. Saturday, he will run the first 100-metre dash on the comehack trail

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, MAY 29, 1988

From the Carroll Righter Institute

weeks ago. Devers broke that last Saturday. Davis has run 12.71 this

Cincinnati 23 23 .500 San Oiego 16 30 Atlanta 14 29 he hopes will lead to the Olympic games. Others in the Jenner 100 will include Harvey Glance and Atlee Mahorn.

U.S. dockworkers greet 'Kiwi Mischief' SAN DIEGO, California (R) — "Kiwi Mischief," the hig racing sloop New Zealand hopes will take the America's Cup from the San Diego Yacht Club, was greeted Friday by U.S. dockworkers cheering on the New Zealan-

As the monobull, mast and keel were heing unloaded, a group of nearby American dockworkers shook their fists and shouted: "Hey Kiwis, kill Conner," a reference to Dennis Con-

GENERAL TENDENCIES:

Some conditions from the past in-

volving older persons will require special attention. Make sure you understand what others are trying

to say before you disagree. Remain

ARIES (Mar. 2t to Apr. 19) Your

intuition is apt to be way off hase

ing decisions. Control your temper when speaking with your mate.

when speaking with your mate.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) if you allow some past prejudices to effect your decisions, you could lose out on a fine opportunity. Be sure to get all your work done today.

GEMINI (May 21 to Jone 21! Spend some time scheduling your activities for the coming week, and improve your efficiency. Don't give in to a demanding associate.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jol. 21! Postpone any discussions

Jol. 21) Postpone any discussions with your mate that are likely to

cause arguments. It you go out, don't spend money toolishly.

LEO (Jol. 22 to Aug. 21) Stay at

home and restore your energy to-day, but don't argue with your

family. Be more attentive and understanding to an older relative. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Don't let a fixed point of view keep

cheerful in the face of adversity.

American defence of the cup. "We just want to race him and beat him, not kill him," a New Zealand publicist, Graeme Colman, shouted hack.

Conner heat Australia's Kookahurra III four races to none last year to win hack the cup that he had lost in 1983.

But New Zealand's Michael Fay, who challenged San Diego through the Mercury Bay Boating Club, has refused to race his 90-foot load waterline boat ner who is scheduled to lead the against San Diego's much smaller

is a fine evening to take your lami-

ly out for some entertainment. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Don't

make any decisions concerning pro-perty repairs at this time. If you

begin any new projects, make sure you have time to finish them. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

help you, and don't argue with this person. This evening will be a fine

one if you don't overindulge. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec

21) It a project you have been work-ing on is going owhere, stop spin-ning your wheels and drop it. Be kind and considerate to your mate.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)
Avoid a friend whose opinional edideas will hold you back and couse you to miss opportunities. Help out a friend who is having problems.
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)
You would be wise to stay at home today and avoid trouble. Rely more on yoorself, and don't expect anyone to do your work for you.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You can learn a great deal from others

can learn a great deal from others

If you are less judgmental. If you go out with your mate tonight, he

sure to drive very carefully.

catamaran, which Fay says is an unfair matchup for his yacht. Lawyers for Fay were in a New York state court Wednesday, asking for a ruling barring the much smaller and generally much · faster catamaran.

Baseball Standings

NEW YORK (AP) - Here are the standings after Friday's games in

the American and National

American League

East Division

New York 31 Cleveland 30

Toronto

Cakiand

New York 31

Pittsburgh 27

Chicago

Houston

W L Pci

20 23 27

West Division

National League

East Division

24 22 22 23 21 23 1 16 27

West Division

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841070 or call at the School in person.

Judge Carmen Ciparick did not indicate when she would hand down a decision. She asked Fay's lawyers if they would agree to extend the deadline.

telephone.

Sabatini cruises into French Open tennis quarterfinals

PARIS (AP) - Fourth seed Gabriela Sabatini beat game, generally better suited to Brenda Schultz of The Netherlands 6-4, 6-1 Saturday to become the first player to advance to the but had problems closing out the quarterfinals of the French Open.

moved up quickly to 49th in world rankings, lost her serve six times, but was able to break Sabatini's three times in the day's

opening centre-court match. Sabatini, 18, has not lost a set in her first four matches in the tournament. In the quarterfinals she will meet Helen Kelesi of Canada, who defeated Nicole Jagerman of The Netherlands

Boris Becker, the fifth seed, won 6-1. 4-6, 7-5, 6-3 over Thomas Muster of Austria, a lefthander who had the West German in trouble by running down almost all of his powerful forehands.

But when leading 3-1 in the fourth set, Muster chased a Becker shot and slammed into a metal advertising sign at courtside, hitting the elbow and forehand of his left arm. Muster returned to play, but did not win another game, as Becker reeled off five in a row to take the match.

Women's third seed Chris Evert, scheduled to play later against Arantxa Sanchez of Spain, said a nagging heel spur had improved enough so that she could play the third-round match. postponed a day because of the

Friday's last matches on centre court and court No. I - the feature venues - were interrupted hy rain and resumed Saturday as the day's second.

matches on those courts. On centre court, third-seeded Mats Wilander was leading Slobodan Zinojinovie of Yugoslavia 6-2, 3-2. Over at court No. I,

Andre Agassi of the United

Schultz, a six-foot-one (1.83 States was abead of Soviet the 10th game but Gunnarsson metre) 17-year-old who has Andres Vysand 7-5, 5-1 in a saved them all behind strong matchup of hard-hitting 18-year serves. Edberg wasted another olds.

Another seed was eliminated from the women's field by one of the three teen-agers to advance. came off his chair to inspect a oall Nicole Provis, an 18-year-old from Australia, defeated seventhseeded Claudia Kohde-Kilsch of

West Germany 1-6, 6-4, 7-5. Two other seeds struggled to victory.

Yannick Noah, the men's eighth seed from France, needed four sets to calm a worried full house on centre court and overcome Jakoh Hlasek of Switzerland 6-4, 6-4, 6-7, 6-3.

Hanika beats Demnngeot Earlier on the same court, women's 15th-seeded Sylvia Hanika of West Germany rallied to defeat Isabelle Demongeot of France, 3-6, 7-5, 6-4.

Other seeds had an easier time. Men's 15th-seeded Guillermo Perez-Roldan of Argentina. and women's 10th-seeded Zina Garrison of the United States and 13th-seeded Natalia Zvereva of the Soviet Union all won in straight sets.

A rainstorm rolled through Paris in the evening, hringing an early end to play. Suspended matches included two involving seeded players, with No. 3 Mats Wilander of Sweden and No. 9 Andre Agassi of the United States both up by a set.

Edberg, the latest threat to Ivan Lendl's reign at the top of men's tennis, reached the third round in Paris for only the second first time since 1985.

He used his serve-and-volley 41st.

fasier courts than red clay, to

match against Gunnarsson. He held four match points in match point in the 12th game, as Gunnarsson saved it with help from the umpire. The official mark and overrule a line judge's "out" call on the final point.

sending the set to a tiebreaker. Gunnarsson continued to serve well, blasting and ace and building a 5-2 lead in the tiehreak. But Edberg charged back and won the final five points, wrapping up the victory when Gunnarsson netted a service return.

"Every time he needed a big point, he bit a hig serve. Edherg, who meets Perez-Roldan next. "He must have hit five lines in a row."

Spectators were treated to some court showmanship, Swedish style. Gunnarsson delighted the fans hy kicking the hall about like a soccer player after missed points, and Edherg returned one half-volley hetween his legs.

The match was played on court No. 11, a venue generally inhahited by players ranked much lower than second in the world. It was Edberg's second trip there this week and he wasn't happy. "It is a really, really had court. The bounces you get there are real had," he said. "I don't de-

serve to he out there. I have played one match on court No. 1. but I would like to get at least one match on centre court. Navratilova was on centre

court and got a good workout against Paulus, who won a claytime in five appearances and the court warmup tournament in Geneva a week ago and is ranked

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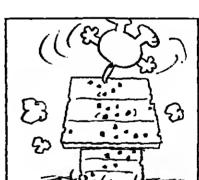
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Q.1-Neither vulnerable, as South ±73 ♥AQ872 ♦954 ±654 The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
1 Pass 1 NT Pass

Q.2—Both vulnerable, as South you €6 ♥A8752 ♦AQ95 ±J108 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ★ 2 ★ ?

DЫ

What actinn do you take? Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you hold: ♣ AK98 ♥7 ♥ Q1672 ♣ AQJ9
What is your opening bid?

Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you

Q-5-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦ K95** ♥AJ6 493 ♠AQJ72 The hidding has proceeded:

★K6 ♥952 >1065 **★AJ853** The bidding has proceeded: North East Soath

South West North East 1 Pass 2 NT Pass

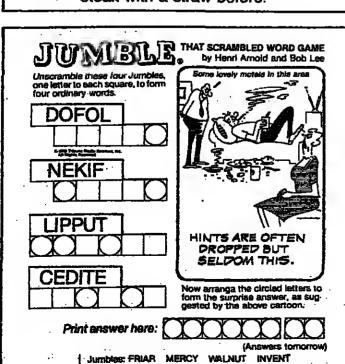
What do you bid now? Pass What action do you take?

What do you bid now?

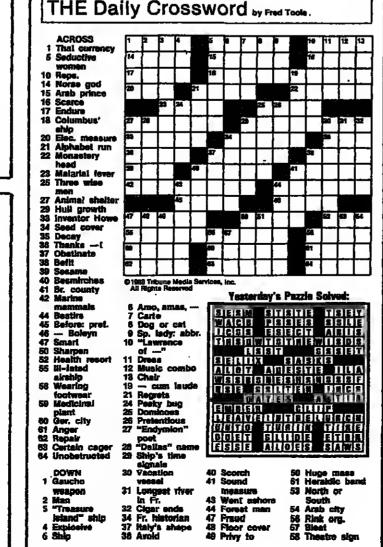
Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you ₹AJ1054 7Q987 07 ±K94 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass Pass 1 ♥ Pass

What do you bid now? THE BETTER HALF By Harris HARRIS.

"I didn't call you a bad cook. I just said I've never had to eat steak with a straw before."



Answer: That executive shake-up amounted to this—A "TITLE" WAVE



Mauritius quits OAU summit after furor over Pretoria links

ADDIS ABABA (R) — Mauritius, protesting against criticism of its links with South Africa, Saturday stormed out of the closing session of an African summit which called for intensified armed struggle against apartheid and Pretoria's rule in Namibia.

"We came here to celehrate name other African states which the 25th anniversary of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), not to he insulted... have no alternative hut to walk out of this closing sessioo," Fore-ign Minister Satcam Boolell told the few heads of state left in the Ethiopian capital.

A report by the OAU Liberatioo Committee cited Mauritius as one of three OAU member states collaboratiog with the white-led Pretoria government through trade and other ties. The others were in Seychelles and Equatorial Guines

Boolell said Mauritius had asked for the reference to be deleted and was making the protest hecause the conference had ignored its request. The accusation was "self-righteous and hypocritical," he said.

OAU Secretary Geoeral Ide Oumarou described the walkout as deplorable but gave no ex-planation why the report did out

Mitterrand plea frees journalist

KABUL (R) — French journalist Alain Guillo, jailed for spying in Afghanistan, was freed Saturday after serving only five months of a 10-year sentence.

Guillo, 45, was pardoned hy President Najibullab after a personal appeal on humanitarian grounds from French President Francois Mitterrand, which was read out on Afghan television Friday night.

A French emhassy spokesman said he was in good health and would be put on a flight to New Delhi at 3 p.m. (1030 GMT) without meeting the press here. Guillo will he accompanied by a senior civil servant at the

French Foreign Ministry who came to Kahul to deliver Mitterrand's message and arrange for Guillo's departure. The emhassy spokesman de-

nied that any deal had been reached or that Mitterrand's letter constituted formal French recognition of the Soviet-backed government here.

He emphasised that the plea had heeo made purely on humanitarian grounds.

Guillo, a reporter and photographer with the French Sygma Agency, was captured last September during a trip to Afghaoistao with anti-Soviet re-

He was put oo trial on charges of spying and suhversive activities and was sentenced to 10 years jail

policies.

Mauritius allows South African Airways to land at Plaisance airport on their way to and from the Far East, South African companies have invested in hotels in the Indian Ocean state and, like most countries io southern Africa. Mauritius huys large quantities of South African goods.

Africa in protest at its apartheid

The new OAU chairman, President Moussa Traore of Mali, told a post-summit oews conference that the Liberation Committee the African body coordinating support for nationalist movements in southern Africa - had not condemned the three states hut had merely expressed con- security assistance.

cern at their South African links. "If we close our eyes to such realities and truths, we would be colluding with apartheid," he added.

Resolutions passed by the 30 heads of state and government who attended the three-day meeting call for comprehensive and maodatory sanctions against South Africa and ask member states to support the three OAUrecognised liberation movements
— the African National Congress
and the Pan-Africanist Congress in South Africa and Namihia's Sooth West Africa People's

Organisatioo (SWAPO). They deplored British and American use of the veto in the United Nations Security Council to thwart attempts to make sanctions against South Africa legally

The conference invited member states to open talks with the frontline countries — the black states confronting Pretoria -- on

Waldheim: Joining EC will not violate neutrality

VIENNA (R) — President Kurt exports to the higgest European Waldheim said Friday that Aumarkets. stria should join the European Community (EC) despite Soviet claims that membership would violate the country's neutrality.

"I am of the opinion that this step is necessary, but of course our ocutrality must be pro-tected," Waldheim told a news conference io the western city of

Austria s government is studying a possible application to join the EC. Many politicians, industrialists and economists believe membership is vital to ensure unhiodered access for Austrian

But a Soviet spokesman said May 17 that the EC was turning

into an organisation with political

and military orientations. Soviet forces withdrew from Austria, along with U.S., British and French troops, after the four powers signed a 1955 treaty with Austria which ended the country's occupation.

Asked about the Soviet objections, Waldheim said: "I would not overrate that. I think it is will follow symmetry in making right for this and other commeots our decisions," said a State Deto be taken up suitably calmly." partment statement.

Moscow, **Kabul** criticise **Islamabad**

MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet and Afghan Foreign Ministers criticised Pakistan Friday for sup-porting the U.S.-backed Mujahedeen fighters, official TASS oews agency reported.

The report said Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze and his Afghan counterpart, Abdul Wakil, met in Moscow to review arrangements for the Soviet troop withdrawal which hegan May 15.

"Pakistan virtually does not take effective measures for the elimination from its territory of the infrastructure of interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs," TASS quoted the eovoys as stating.

The United States has been supplying the Mujahedeen with an estimated \$500 millioo annually in arms and military supplies hannelled through Pakistan. The fighters, who have been fighting the eight-year Soviet intervention io Afghanistan, have made their headquarters in neighbouring Pakistan.

At a oews conference earlier, Yevgeoy Primakov, bead of the Soviet Institute of the World Economy and International Relations, accused the United States of violating the Geneva agreemeots by continuing to ship arms to the Mujahedeeo.

They are arming, quite openly, those who want to go on in their civil war," said Primakov. In Washingtoo, the State Department noted that the Soviets were handing over military supplies to the Kahul government.

"The turnover of large amounts of military supplies constitutes a cootinuation of military aid. The Soviets should take their military equipment out with them. We will watch Soviet actions carefully in this area aod

Ethiopia allows EEC to gauge relief after threat

monitor drought relief operations in the war-torn north following an EEC threat to cut off food shipments, EEC delegate Benno Haffner said Saturday.

"We will have adequate right to visit and to monitor according to the circumstances in the region where they have martial law," he told reporters.

Ethiopia granted the permission following an EEC letter last week to the government's chief relief official, Berhanu Kembere, expressing "deep coocern and regret" over the situation and threatening to cut off further food

The EEC is Ethiopia's biggest food donor, followed by the Un-

ADDIS ABABA (AP) — ited States and the Soviet Union. Ethiopia will allow the European Economic Commission (EEC) to monitor depends on the Soviet Union. The government has requested emergency aid to help feed 7 commission (EEC) to monitor depends on the Soviet Union. The EEC is giving a total of 234,000 metric tons of emergency aid to help feed 7 commission (EEC) to monitor depends on the Soviet Union. The EEC is giving a total of 234,000 metric tons of emergency aid to help feed 7 commission (EEC) to monitor depends on the Soviet Union. million people threatened with starvation nationwide following severe crop failures.

Haffner said the letter stemmed from the government's failure to fulfill a contract stipulating a representative of the Euroepean Community will be able to visit regions where EEC food is distributed.

"If the contract can not be fulfilled, then we warn each other," he said. "Then we sit together and see what we can

Haffner met with Berhanu Friday night and said he had received assurances the contract would be fulfilled and that he woold be allowed to visit the

234,000 metric tons of emergency tood to Ethiopia, 13 per cent o which is going to the hardest-hit provinces of Eritrea and Tigre home to an estimated 3.2 million drought victims.

Haffner said the government has not allowed an EEC delegate to visit the war-torn regions since Ethiopia expelled foreign aid workers from the north April 6

With the government pullback went the massive relief project which Ethiopia will oot allow to operate beyond the shrunkeo areas still under its control. Western relief officials estimate 2 millioo people are now beyond emergency aid in Eritrea and Tigre and in danger of starving to

Thatcher, Kinnock use Bible in political battle

By Peter Gregson

LONDON — Cooservative Prime Mioister Margaret Thatcher and Lahour opposition leader Neil Kinnock are quoting liherally from the Bible in a "holier than thou" battle to show the superior morality of their own brands of politics.

Clashes this month between Britain's top two politicians have deepened their mutual animosity, and stirred one debate on the morality of the government's social policies and another one on the propriety of citing Holy Scriptures for party political advantage.

In a series of speeches and interviews. Thatcher bared her religious convictions and moral values more fully than at any time since she became prime minister nine years ago.

She sparked particular protest with an address to the general assembly of the Church of Scotland in Edinburgh Saturday, quoting the Old and New Testaments, the Ten Commandmeots and several hymns to spell out the spiritual beliefs which underpin her political philosophy.

"It is not the creation of wealth that is wrong hut love of money for its own sake," she said in one of several remarks that were instantly duhbed the gospel according to

Citing Saint Paul's Epistle to



Margaret Thatcher

the Thessalonians, she added: "If a man will not work he shall not eat."

Kinnock hlasted the speech as "selective interpretation of the Bible" and a less than glorious defence of "a society in which the poor get poorer and the rich get richer."

Oo Tuesday he asked Thatcher io parliament which Bihlical passage had inspired her to cut child benefits and stop free school meals: "Could it have been Matthew 27:24: 'And Pilate look water and washed his

Amid uproar, she furiously accused Kinnock of "debasing everything I believe in."

She went on to cite her own self-denial by not drawing her full salary as prime minister. Labour members of parliament kept up the barrage in



prime minister's question time Thursday, citing Biblical references and accusing Thatcher of a "nauseating pretence at moral concern" while attempting "to rewrite the Bible and the Koran.

She dismissed the taunts as lacking the courtesy and respect that was "a mark of Christian

Thatcher had stepped up the drive to assert the moral supremacy of her government with an address to women members of the ruling conservative party Wednesday.

Denying that her policies were the "creed of greed," she asserted that the traditional values of British life were: "conservative values of self-reliance, personal responsibility, good neighbourlioess and generosity towards others."

The prime minister quoted Methodist Church fouoder John Wesley as saying: "gain all you can, save all you can, give all you can." But ber views have enraged a

number of churchmeo as well as opposition politicians, who charge that the government's free market, self-help policies have created a selfish and uohappy society becoming io-creasingly divided between rich and poor, north and south, young and old.

Last month, Aoglican Bishop Durham David Jenkins denounced the government's welfare policies as "wicked."

Several Scottish clerics objected to Thatcher being allowed to speak at their Edinburgh assembly. One objector, the Reverend Paraic Reamonn, said afterwards:
"What this government has been doing to the couotry and particularly to the poor since 1979 makes the speech a disgraceful travesty of the Gospel."

Political forays into theology are rare in Britain and the row generated a flood of letters to newspapers and a spate of editorials.

The Times said Thatcher was entitled to defend the moral basis of her policies in the light of her personal religious convictions," hut the pro-government Today called for an end to the Bible-quoting under the head-line: "Keep God out of it."

Sandinistas, contras get closer to peace

MANAGUA (AP) — Rebel society. leaders agreed Friday to discuss a On truce extension proposed by the leftist government, and one of the best-known rebel commanders turned himself in and accepted

Felix Garcia Hernandez, known as Alfa Lima, told reporters Friday he had commanded more than 400 men in the Chontales region and had been in the rebel forces since the civil war began six years ago.

He said he met with represeotatives of the Nicaraguan army several times during the truce and decided to return because of his family and because he felt Nicaraguans should stop killing each other. He turned himself in Wednesday and the Sandioista goveromeot announced it Thursday night.

Although they agreed to dis-cuss extending the :cease-fire, which is scheduled to end May 30, the rebels, known as contras, still insist on an agreement that includes a firm schedule of democratic reforms.

Major Ricardo Wheelock, a government negotiator, said Fri-day: "We think we might have some sort of agreement (on a permanent cease-fire) before the end of the talks tomorrow at noon. We feel we will make them see the light. The fundamental thing is that Sapoa must go on."

Sapoa, a town on the Costa Rican border, was where the March 23 peace agreement was signed by the Sandinista government and the U.S.-supported rebels, known as contras.

President Daniel Ortega's government feels a permanent ceasefire is a necessary first step toward peace. The contras waot political reforms that would enlarge the opposition's role in a more pluralistic and democratic talks.

On Thursday, the rebel dele-gates declared they had come to Managua only to discuss their own plan, which sets deadlines for government introduction of reforms. The Sandinistas called the contra proposals "unrealis-

the table. Government negotiators then offered a plan for electoral reforms and a cease-fire as a continuation of geoeral agreements reached at Sapoa for a truce, amnesty, a government dialogue with the political opposition and eventual integration into the poli-tical life of the rebels and their

tic," but agreed to put them on

At the heart of the disagreement are the definition of democratisation and bow to go about

Within five days of an agreement, the contras demand an end to the military draft, freedom to supply their forces io the field and total press freedom, including establishment of private radio and television stations.

Withio two mooths, they want measures to guarantee political pluralism, separation of state powers, curtailment of the powers of the Saodinista Party, guarantees of the right to strike and reforms in the indiciary and the electoral system,

The government has offered to discuss electoral reforms, and announced an amnesty programme and a plan for municipal elections.

'We have made some important progress," said Alfredo Cesar, the head of the contra

Earlier, Cesar told newspaper reporters he believed there was a per cent chance of agreeing oo an indefinite cease-fire at the

puchea's Khmer Rouge Regime that Viemam ousted in 1978, now

supports a three-party resistance coalition headed by Prince Noro-

dom Sihanouk, who was ousted

as ruler of Kampuchea in a 1970

The coalition, made up of three

guerrilla groups including the

Khmer Rouge, is recognised by

the United Nations as the

legitimate government of Kam-

China reiterated Saturday that

the only way to resolve the Kam-

puchean question is for Vietnam

to completely withdraw its troops

puchean government. Vietnam

has said that it is an outsider and

has no place in oegotiations oo

financial support from China.

nilitary coup.

Peking cool to Hanoi's withdrawal announcement

BEIJING (AP) — China Saturday dismissed as "deceptive talk" Vietnam's promise to withdraw 50,000 of its troops from Kampuchea this year and put the rest under the command of the Vietnamese-installed Kampuchean government. "Despite Vietnam's repeated

announcement of partial troop withdrawal from Kampuchea (Cambodia), up to now there bas been no sign of reduction of se ageressor troops the Chinese Foreign Ministry said. "One may suspect whether the same old trick is heing played once again."

The Foreign Ministry statemeot came two days after the and take part in negotiations to Communist Vietnamese governestablish an independent Kamment anoounced the withdrawal plao. Vietnam invaded Kampuchea in 1978 and since has battled Chinese-backed guerrillas Kampuchea. seeking to oust the Vietnamese.

Vietnam claims it has made annual partial troop withdrawals since 1982. But the United States says the largest removal last November of 20,000 troops was the only genuioe pullout, and the rest were rotations.

The United States estimates. 120,000 to 125,000 Vietnamese troops still are in Kampuchea.

Hanoi said it will pull out 50,000 soldiers between June and December and put the remaining troops under the existing Kampuchean government as part of a plan to pull out completely by 1990.

\$30 million U.S. aid to Philippines

MANILA (R) — Defence Secretary Fidel Ramos said Saturday the United States had pledged about \$30 million of military aid to the Philippines to help fight Communist insurgents.

He said the assistance iocluded military equipment and support for the manufacture of radios. uniforms and comhat hoots.

Ramos talked to reporters on his return from a 16-day visit to the United States which included talks with American officials on security relations between the he

He said the assistance was not

intended 10 influence the longrunning talks between U.S. and Philippine officials on the future of American hases in the country. "There was no conscious press-

ure that I detected in regard to the ongoing military bases review. I think it is well understood over there that the talks are taking place at another level," he

The assistance was apart from the \$180 million the Philippines receives yearly as compensation under an agreement which allows the operation of U.S. military bases in the country.



Harare issues ultimatum to rebels

HARARE, Zimbabwe (AP) Home Affairs Minister Moven Mahachi Friday gave anti-government rebels a final warning to surrender under an amnesty which ends May 31.

The oational news agency Ziana, cootrolled by the state owned Mass Media Trust, quoted Mahachi saying the government will oot exteod the amnesty beyood the deadline at midnight Tuesday.

Mahachi urged dissidents still at large in the western province of Matabeleland to 'rush to the nearest police station" or the authorities during the last four days of the amnesty announced oo April 19 by President Robert

Mugabe.
"My appeal should be taken very seriously, Mahachi said. 'My appeal goes even further, to the relatives who must tell their

kith and kio to surrender. He said 35 rebels laid down their arms since the amnesty was declared.

The amnesty followed a unity accord signed hy Mogabe and former opposition leader Joshua Nkomo aimed at merging Zimbabwe's two main political par-It promised pardons for about

100 rebels estimated by intelligence sources to be operating in Matabeleland, Nkomo's traditional trihal stronghold, and exiled followers of the ex-opposition leader who was appointed a senior minister in Mugabe's governmeot in January, Mahachi said rebels who failed

to give themselves up would be hunted hy government troops. "We are not going to be merciful," he said. The unity pact and the amnesty left remaining rebels without sup-port in the hush and Mahachi said

would be easier to track them Several of the rebels have said they were members of Nkomo's guerrilla army in the seven year war that led to Zimhahwe's inde-

pendence in 1980.

government troops expected it

They said they returned to the bush because they were dissatis-fied with the role Nkomo's Zimhabwe African People's Union (Patriotic Front) party had been given in governing the country. Nkomo denied links with the

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

ASALA leader 'killed by Armenians'

PARIS (AP) - The leader of the Armenian guerrilla group Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia (ASALA), killed last mooth in Greece, was assassinated by fellow Armenians as part of an international conspiracy, according to a statement Friday from a caller claiming to represent ASALA. The body of Agop Agnpian, founder and leader of ASALA, buried in Iraq, will be moved soon to Soviet Armenia "according to his own will," said be moved soon to Soviet Armenia "according to his own will," the anonymous caller to the Paris bureau of the AP. The caller, speaking English with an accept, said she represented ASALA and had a statement to read. She hung up immediately after reading the prepared text. "Today, one month after his martyrdom, the dark faces of international conspiracy of Agop Agopian's murder bave hecome clear to the security department of the ASALA," the caller said. "Leader Agop Agopian was assassinated on April 28, 1988... by an international conspiracy which was unfortunately

carried out by Armenian elements. Taiwan military impresses Weinberger

TAIPEI (AP) - Former U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger said Saturday be was impressed with Taiwan's development of sophisticated weapons. "The development of (military) technology here is quite remarkable and impressive." Weinberger told a news cooference at the end of a four-day visit to Taiwao. The former defence secretary met with President Lee Teng-Hui Friday and with several top military officials earlier. The local media reported that Taiwanese officials hoped Weinberger could use his infinence to secure more weapons sales from the United States. "The best way to prevent war is to have a strong deterrent military capability," Weioberger told reporters. Weinberger said he visited several military laboratories where Taiwan develops and builds its own fighter planes and key components of other weapons systems. The United States has been under pressure from China to redoce shipments to the nationalist government, which in turn has begun producing more of its own jet fighters, warships and armoured vehicles. Local newspapers have reported that Washington recently agreed to let several U.S. companies transfer technology so Taiwan could build a new fleet of frigates to replace obsolete

A new home for U.S. F-16s

ROME (R) — Italy is considering an air hase in the southeast of the country as the new site for 72 U.S. F-16 planes being withdrawn from Spain, a government official said Friday. The official said the Apulia region on the Adriatic was the probable area for the planes and the air force hase at Gioia del Colle, near Bari, was the likely site. Defence ministers of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) agreed in principle at a meeting in Brussels Thursday to rebase the ouclear-capable fighter-bombers in Italy after their withdrawal from Spain by 1991. The move needs the consent of the Italian parliament. The United States agreed to withdraw the 401st tactical wing, the biggest U.S. air unit in the Mediterranean, from Spain after a long wrangle with the Spanish government about reducing its military presence.

COLUMN

Cheque-cashing with a view

FORT LAUDERDALE (AP) -Arnold Van wants customers to remember his cheque cashing service as the one that's so good it' offers the shirt off his back. Well, actually oot his back, but the backs of some of his women clerks. Van is a pioneer of topiess cheque cashing, following in the tradition of Broward County's famous topless doughnut shop. Fort Lauderdale is located in Broward county. "With all the competition we needed something unique," said Van. director of operations for Tops "Check" Cashing. "What could be more unique than having topless girls?"
For the regular cheque-cashing fee of up to 10 per cent of the cheque's value, customers can talk to two topless hostesses while waiting for their cash. The womeo also sell beer, cigarenes, soft drinks and snacks. The cheque-cashiog office, which began the topless service Monday, doeso't plan to pul up a sign announcing it at the shopping centre where the office is located, but Van said he plans to adver-tise. "I think it's disgusting," said Eleanor Kasch, manager of a sandwhich shop nearhy. "You have many young children in the

Butterfly smuggler captured.

oeighbourhood."

BEIJING (AP) — A Japanese butterfly salesman was caught trying to smuggle more than 800 butterfly specimens out of China. an official report said Saturday. The salesman was fined 3,115 yuan (\$839) and allowed to leave China — without the hutterflies on April 30, according to the official Xinhua News Agency. The news agency, quoted the People's Public Security News, said Hiroyuki Wakahara was detained April 19 in southwest China's Yunnan province, where many rare butterflies are found. It said he was carrying 816 specimens. Foreigners are not allowed to purchase or catch any Chinese plants or animals without permis-

Sleepwalking killer acquitted

sion, the report said.

TORONTO (R) — A man who said he was sleepwalking when he killed his mother-in-law hy hitting her with an iron bar and stahhing her repeatedly after driving 25 kilometres to her house has heen acquitted of murder hy a jury. An Ontario supreme court jury deliberated for nice hours before finding Kenneth Parks, of nearby Pickering. Ontario, not guilty Thursday. Parks, 24, was charged with second-degree murder in the beating and stahling death of Barhara Woods. 42, at her Toronto home last summer. Parks is still charged with the attempted-murder of his fatherin-law. Denis, who was choked and stahhed. Defence lawyer Marlys Edwardh said that on the night of the killing, Parks plunged into a deep, deep sleep. His next memory is seeing his mother-in-law's face." When Parks regained coosciousness. she said, blood dripping from his severely cut hands, he drove to a nearby police station and told officers: "My God, I've just kil-led two people."

Former Miss America arrested for shoplifting

WILLIAMSPORT (AP) - Bess

Myerson, former Miss America and New York cultural affairs commissioner, was arrested Friday and charged with trying to shoplift, \$44 in merchandise from a department store. Myerson appeared before District Justice John M. McDermott and was. teleased on \$150 cash hail. The 63-year-old New York City resident, already facing federal fraud and hribery-related charges, contested south Williamsport police allegations that she tried to leave Hill Department Store with si: bottles of nail polish, five pairs o carrings, shoes and flashlight bat teries in ber purse and shoppin bag. "I was leaving the store t lock my car and come hack an pay for the merchandise," sh told the magistrate. She said stwould pay her fine and cos-"under protest" through th mail, if court documents affir her contention that this is ber fir sneb offence. The maximus penalty, according to the couwould be a \$300 fine. "If true, is extraordinarily sad that this coulance occurred," New York C Mayor Edward I. Koch said the charge. Myerson was his cap paign manager in 1977 w Koch was first elected mayo

